

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND BUILDING STAFF REPORT

PLANNING COMMISSION

Promoting the wise use of land Helping build great communities 7-1

MEETING DATE September 8, 2005 CONTACT/PHONE Brian Pedrotti 788-2788 APPLICANT Terry Speizer FILE NO.

DRC2004-00090

SUBJECT

Request by Terry Speizer for a Conditional Use Permit to allow an agricultural accessory building and an alternative processing wastewater facility (constructed wetlands). This CUP would supplement the Development Plan D970262D previously approved in 1999, which included construction of a winery building and associated uses. The project will result in the disturbance of approximately 4.5 acres of a 63-acre parcel. The proposed project is within the Agriculture land use category and is located at 7527 Orcutt Road, approximately 1,300 feet north of Tiffany Ranch Road and approximately 3.5 miles north of the City of Arroyo Grande. The site is in the San Luis Bay (Inland) planning area.

RECOMMENDED ACTION

- Adopt the Negative Declaration in accordance with the applicable provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act, Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seq.
- 2. Approve Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090 based on the findings listed in Exhibit A and the conditions listed in Exhibit B

ENVIRONMENTAL DETERMINATION

The Environmental Coordinator, after completion of the initial study, finds that there is no substantial evidence that the project may have a significant effect on the environment, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report is not necessary. Therefore, a Negative Declaration (pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seq., and CA Code of Regulations Section 15000 et seq.) has been issued on April 26, 2005, for this project. Mitigation measures are proposed to address aesthetics, air quality, geology and soils, noise, public services/utilities, and wastewater, and are included as conditions of approval.

	LAND USE CATEGORY	COMBINING DESIGNA
	Agriculture	Flood Hazard
1		

ASSESSOR PARCEL NUMBER 044-231-045)

SUPERVISOR DISTRICT(S)

4

PLANNING AREA STANDARDS:

Sec. 22.108.020 – San Luis Obispo Planning Area, Areawide Standards

EXISTING USES:

Winery under construction, vineyard, row crop

SURROUNDING LAND USE CATEGORIES AND USES:

North: Agriculture / agricultural uses South: Residential Rural / residential, agricultural uses East: Agriculture / agricultural uses West: Agriculture / agricultural uses

Additional information may be obtained by contacting the Department of Planning & Building at: County Government Center ♦ San Luis Obispo ♦ California 93408 ♦ (805) 781-5600 ♦ Fax: (805) 781-1242

Planning Commission
Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090 / Speizer
Page 2

OTHER AGENCY / ADVISORY GROUP INVOLVEMENT: The project was referred to: Public Works, Environmental Health, Ag Commissioner, County Parks, CDF, APCD, Regional Water Quality Control Board, City of San Luis Obispo			
TOPOGRAPHY: Nearly level	VEGETATION: Grasses, vineyards, rowcrops		
PROPOSED SERVICES: Water supply: On-site well Sewage Disposal: Individual septic system Fire Protection: CDF	ACCEPTANCE DATE: March 23, 2005		

PROJECT HISTORY

On March 25, 1999, the Planning Commission conditionally approved Development Plan D970262D for the subject site to allow a winery facility and associated uses. The decision was appealed by Friends for Responsible Edna Valley Development to the Board of Supervisors, and the matter was heard on November 2, 1999 following a number of continuances. At that meeting, the Board denied the appeal and modified the conditions of approval. The final findings and conditions of approval were extensive and addressed many items including environmental issues and operational standards for the winery facility and wastewater processing pond. Included in these conditions were the following:

Consistent with the agreement with project appellants (Friends for Responsible Edna Valley Development), move the entire facility to the northeast across the "flat" bisecting the property, such that the knoll will act as a visual and noise barrier between the facility and residential uses to the southwest. (Condition #2.a)

The project shall be operated and maintained to be in compliance with these conditions of approval. There shall be no alterations in use or expansion of use areas without first securing the necessary permits from the County or other appropriate agencies. All future structures including agricultural accessory structures are prohibited without Development Plan approval. (Condition #24)

The applicant obtained over-the-counter approval of an agricultural exempt structure from the County erroneously on April 15, 2003, and subsequently constructed the structure on the site. In 2004, the County was made aware of the error from nearby property owners, and informed the property owner that approval of a Conditional Use Permit would be required to legalize the existing agricultural accessory building and to approve the proposed relocation of the wastewater processing facility.

January 2005 Planning Commission.

On January 13, 2005, the Planning Commission heard the Conditional Use Permit request by the applicant to legalize the agricultural accessory building as built, and to relocate the alternative winery waste processing facility (constructed wetlands) to the west of the structure. Based on public hearing testimony, the Commission identified potential environmental impacts to surface water and wetlands, and directed staff to revisit the environmental determination. Staff has re-reviewed the project per CEQA, and has issued a revised Mitigated Negative Declaration, which includes additional mitigation measures for mosquito control and lining of the proposed ponds.

Planning Commission Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090 / Speizer Page 3

PROJECT ANALYSIS

Ordinance Compliance:

<u>Standard</u>	Allowed/Required	Complies?
Setbacks Front Side Rear	25 30 30	Yes Yes Yes
Height	35	Yes

Landscaping/Screening. The applicant has agreed to incorporate landscaping/screening mitigation measures into the project to reduce visual impacts on adjacent properties of the existing structure. The applicant has included a preliminary landscaping plan that identifies fast-growing species that will provide a relatively quick vegetative screen on three sides of the structure. Landscape, irrigation, and landscape maintenance plans will be required for review and approval using only plant material consistent with the Land Use Ordinance. The conditions include monitoring of the landscaping on an annual basis for three years, and provisions for providing the specified amount of screening within five years.

<u>Lighting</u>. The applicant has agreed to submit an exterior lighting plan, including the height, location, and intensity of all exterior lighting. Lighting fixtures must be dark colored, and no part of the lamp or reflector interior may be visible from adjacent property.

Condition Compliance of Original Development Plan:

Agricultural Accessory Building. The original Development Plan D970262D included numerous conditions of approval relating to the winery facility and associated accessory uses. As discussed earlier, the existing agricultural accessory building failed to meet the original condition requiring Development Plan approval and notification of adjacent property owners. This Conditional Use Permit request is intended to meet that original condition, with the addition of landscaping/screening requirements to reduce visual impacts of the existing building.

Constructed Wetlands. The applicant has indicated that they are amenable to locating the winery wastewater processing facility in the original approved location within 500 feet of the winery facility. Staff has included a condition of approval that the location of the wastewater facility shall remain in the original location to remain consistent with the original approval. The applicant has proposed a constructed wetland as an alternate method of wastewater processing from the original permit. Staff has received comments from the California Regional Water Quality Control Board expressing support for the constructed wetlands due to their reduced tendency to fail as well as their greater energy efficiency (see attached letter dated Feb. 18, 2005). Additional measures have been included to mitigate the impact of the wetlands on adjacent property and nearby water quality, including pond lining and mosquito control through maintenance of surface flows.

In addition, this Conditional Use Permit includes relevant conditions of approval from the original Development Plan, including restrictions on outdoor storage, liquid waste discharge, air quality control measures, noise limits, notification requirements, and a requirement for future structures to obtain Conditional Use Permit approval. None of these additional conditions intend to alter or remove conditions of approval that remain from the original Development Plan.

Planning Commission Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090 / Speizer Page 4



PLANNING AREA STANDARDS: The following sections discuss the planning area standards that apply to this project.

Section 22.108 San Luis Obispo Planning Area Standards:

22.108.020 - Areawide standards

- A. Undergrounding: All projects requiring Conditional Use Permit approval shall provide for utilities being placed underground. The project meets this standard.
- B. Planning Impact Areas: Applications for discretionary land use permits shall be referred to the City of San Luis Obispo if in its planning impact area. The project was referred to the City of San Luis Obispo for comments.
- C. Open space preservation: Does not apply the project is not a land division application.

AGENCY REVIEW:

Public Works – General questions regarding location of building on property.

Environmental Health – Recommends assuring water supply is adequate and soil is capable of handling waste stream.

Ag Commissioner – Project represents similar impacts to agricultural resources as original proposal due to amount of conversion of prime soils. No mitigation is recommended.

County Parks - No comments.

CDF - No comments.

APCD – Recommends mitigation measures including dust control, burning permits, operational permits.

RWQCB – Supports project with enrollment of project in General Waste Discharge Requirements for Wineries.

LEGAL LOT STATUS:

The lot was legally created by a recorded map at a time when that was a legal method of creating lots.

Staff report prepared by Brian Pedrotti and reviewed by Kami Griffin.



FINDINGS - EXHIBIT A

Environmental Determination

A. The Environmental Coordinator, after completion of the initial study, finds that there is no substantial evidence that the project may have a significant effect on the environment, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report is not necessary. Therefore, a Negative Declaration (pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seq., and CA Code of Regulations Section 15000 et seq.) has been issued on April 26, 2005 for this project. Mitigation measures are proposed to address aesthetics, air quality, geology and soils, noise, public services/utilities, and wastewater, and are included as conditions of approval.

Conditional Use Permit

- B. The proposed project or use is consistent with the San Luis Obispo County General Plan because the agricultural accessory building and constructed wetlands are conditionally approvable uses and as conditioned are consistent with all of the General Plan policies.
- C. As conditioned, the proposed project or use satisfies all applicable provisions of Title 22 of the County Code.
- D. The establishment and subsequent operation or conduct of the use will not, because of the circumstances and conditions applied in the particular case, be detrimental to the health, safety or welfare of the general public or persons residing or working in the neighborhood of the use, or be detrimental or injurious to property or improvements in the vicinity of the use because the agricultural accessory building and constructed wetland do not generate activity that presents a potential threat to the surrounding property and buildings, as conditioned. This project is subject to Ordinance and Building Code requirements designed to address health, safety and welfare concerns.
- E. The proposed project or use will not be inconsistent with the character of the immediate neighborhood or contrary to its orderly development because the agricultural accessory building and constructed wetland are similar to other accessory uses of winery facilities in the area, and will not conflict with, the surrounding lands and uses as conditioned. The agricultural accessory building will be screened with landscaping to reduce visual and lighting impacts. The constructed wetland will be located within 500 feet of the existing winery facility to promote consistency with the original Development Plan (D920262D).
- F. The proposed project or use will not generate a volume of traffic beyond the safe capacity of all roads providing access to the project, either existing or to be improved with the project because the project is located on Orcutt Road, an arterial road constructed to a level able to handle any additional traffic associated with the project



EXHIBIT B - CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Approved Development

- 1. This approval authorizes the following:
 - a. A 3,000 square foot agricultural accessory building and alternative wastewater processing facility (constructed wetland). This CUP supplements the previously approved permit (D970262D) approved in 1999, which included construction of a winery building and associated uses. The project will result in the disturbance of approximately 4.5 acres of a 63-acre parcel.
 - b. No outdoor accessory storage, visible from Orcutt Road, is allowed.
 - c. Maximum height is 35 from average natural grade.
 - d. Uses allowed within the agricultural accessory structure are limited to storage of farm animals, implements, supplies, or products. The agricultural accessory structure may not be used for agricultural processing, including fermentation, crushing, barrel aging, blending, bottling, or storage of case goods.

Conditions required to be completed within 60 days from approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090

Site Development

- 2. Within 60 days from approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090, a revised site plan shall be submitted showing all development consistent with the approved site plan, floor plan, and architectural elevations, with the following revisions:
 - a. The constructed wetland shall be located on the west side of the existing winery facility, within 500 feet of the outer edge of the primary facility building.
- 3. Within 60 days from final approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090, the applicant shall submit landscape, irrigation, and landscape maintenance plans and specifications to the Department of Planning and Building for review and approval in consultation with the Environmental Coordinator. The landscape plan shall be prepared as provided in Chapter 22.16 of the San Luis Obispo County Land Use Ordinance and shall provide vegetation that will screen to 80% the agricultural accessory building when viewed from adjacent properties within 5 years of planting. The landscape plan shall use only plant material consistent with Chapter 22.16 of the San Luis Obispo County Land use Ordinance. All landscaping plans shall contain a note, signed by a qualified individual (e.g., arborist, landscape architect/contractor, nurseryman), certifying that the plant materials specified in the plan are consistent with Chapter 22.16 of the San Luis Obispo County Land Use Ordinance.
- 4. Within 60 days from approval of the landscape, irrigation, and landscape maintenance plan, the applicant shall implement the proposed landscaping plan, as shown on the attached Exhibit H. In conjunction with the implementation of the landscaping plan, the applicant shall submit a letter, prepared by a qualified individual (e.g., arborist, landscape architect/contractor, nurseryman), to the Department of Planning and Building stating that the planting has been completed.

To guarantee the success of the landscaping, the applicant shall retain a qualified individual (e.g., arborist, landscape architect/ contractor, nurseryman) to monitor the new vegetation until successfully established, on an annual basis, for no less than three years. The first report shall be submitted to the County Environmental Coordinator one year after the initial planting and thereafter on an annual basis until the monitor, in consultation with the County, has determined that the newly planted vegetation is

successfully established. The applicant, and successors-in-interest, agrees to complete any necessary remedial measures identified in the report and approved by the Environmental Coordinator.

- 5. Within 60 days from final approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090, the applicant shall submit an exterior lighting plan. The plan shall include the height, location, and intensity of all exterior lighting. All lighting fixtures shall be shielded so that neither the lamp nor the related reflector interior surface is visible from adjacent property. All lighting poles, fixtures, and hoods shall be dark colored. The approved plan shall be implemented prior to final inspection.
- 6. Within 60 days from approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090, the applicant shall pay all applicable school and public facilities fees.
- 7. Within 60 days from final approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090, the applicant shall submit a drainage plan pursuant to Section 22.52 of the County Land Use Element. The plan shall include both temporary and permanent measures to retain soil onsite.

Conditions to be completed during construction

- 8. **During construction/ground disturbing activities**, the applicant shall implement the following particulate (dust) control measures. These measures shall be shown on the grading and building plans. In addition, the contractor or builder shall designate a person or persons to monitor the dust control program and to order increased watering, as necessary, to prevent transport of dust off site. Their duties shall include holiday and weekend periods when work may not be in progress. The name and telephone number of such persons shall be provided to the APCD prior to commencement of construction.
 - a. Reduce the amount of the disturbed area where possible;
 - b. Use of water trucks or sprinkler systems in sufficient quantities to prevent airborne dust from leaving the site. Increased watering frequency would be required whenever wind speeds exceed 15 mph. Reclaimed (nonpotable) water should be used whenever possible;
 - c. All dirt stock-pile areas should be sprayed daily as needed;
 - d. Permanent dust control measures identified in the approved project revegetation and landscape plans should be implemented as soon as possible following completion of any soil disturbing activities;
 - e. Exposed ground areas that are planned to be reworked at dates greater than one month after initial grading should be sown with a fast-germinating native grass seed and watered until vegetation is established:
 - f. All disturbed soil areas not subject to revegetation should be stabilized using approved chemical soil binders, jute netting, or other methods approved in advance by APCD;
 - g. All roadways, driveways, sidewalks, etc. to be paved should be completed as soon as possible. In addition, building pads should be laid as soon as possible after grading unless seeding or soil binders are used;
 - h. Vehicle speed for all construction vehicles shall not exceed 15 mph on any unpaved surface at the construction site;
 - All trucks hauling dirt, sand, soil, or other loose materials are to be covered or should maintain at least two feet of freeboard (minimum vertical distance between top of load and top of trailer) in accordance with CVC Section 23114.
 - j. Install wheel washers where vehicles enter and exit unpaved roads onto streets, or wash off trucks and equipment leaving the site.
 - k. Sweep streets at the end of each day if visible soil material is carried onto adjacent paved roads. Water sweepers with reclaimed water should be used where feasible.

Conditions to be completed prior to occupancy or final building inspection /establishment of the use

9. **Prior to occupancy of any structure associated with this approval**, the applicant shall contact the Department of Planning and Building to have the site inspected for compliance with the conditions of this approval.

On-going conditions of approval (valid for the life of the project)

- 10. The project shall be operated and maintained to be in compliance with these conditions of approval. There shall be no alterations in use or expansion of use areas without first securing the necessary permits from the County or other appropriate agencies. All future structures including agricultural accessory structures are prohibited without Development Plan approval. Notice of any future application to alter or expand the approved use shall be sent to every property owner of Tiffany Ranch Road, Edna Ranch, Corbett Highlands, Varian Ranch, and all adjacent properties.
- 11. The project shall comply with the noise limits in the County Noise Element. From 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. (daytime), noise levels at the project property line shall not exceed an hourly average of 50 dB, with a maximum level of 70 dB, and a maximum impulsive noise level of 65 dB. From 10 p.m. to 7 a.m. (nighttime), noise levels at the project property line shall not exceed an hourly average of 45 dB, with a maximum level of 65 dB, and a maximum impulsive noise level of 60 dB. To help achieve and ensure compliance with these standards, the project shall do the following:
 - a. Roll-up doors shall be kept closed when noise-producing activities are being conducted inside the agricultural accessory building.
- 12. The project shall be operated in compliance with County Health Department approved programs for control of pomace/solid waste removal and for vector/pest control.
- 13. **During initial grading/scraping**, burning shall not be allowed, or if no alternative is available, the applicant shall obtain a burn permit from the APCD and County Fire/California Department of Forestry, and comply with all conditions required by these agencies.
- 14. Liquid waste generated by the winery operations must be discharged to a constructed wetland as shown on Exhibit G designed by a civil engineer and approved by the Regional Water Quality Control Board. Such system shall not create offensive odors or materially impair the quality of groundwater for domestic or agricultural use. The system will include near impermeable lining for the proposed ponds. The system will include maintenance of surface flows at all times, with additional aeration and planting of mosquito fish to control mosquito populations.
- 15. This land use permit is valid for a period of 24 months from its effective date unless time extensions are granted pursuant to Land Use Ordinance Section 22.64.070 or the land use permit is considered vested. This land use permit is considered to be vested once a construction permit has been issued and substantial site work has been completed. Substantial site work is defined by Land Use Ordinance Section 22.64.080 as site work progressed beyond grading and completion of structural foundations; and construction is occurring above grade.
- 16. All conditions of this approval shall be strictly adhered to, within the time frames specified, and in an ongoing manner for the life of the project. Failure to comply with these conditions of approval may result in an immediate enforcement action by the Department of Planning and Building. If it is determined that violation(s) of these conditions of approval have occurred, or are occurring, this approval may be revoked pursuant to Section 22.74.160 of the Land Use Ordinance.

	(Pro)
COUNTY	SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY
	DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND BUILDING DECEMBER OF VICTOR HOLANDA LIEP
	OCT 2 9 2004 DIRECTOR
	THIS IS A NEW PROJECT REFERRAL ENVIRONMENT
DATE:	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
TO:	Ent. Health SPEIZER
FROM:	(Please direct response to the above) DRC 2-004-0090 Project Name and Number
	* OP ASK THE SWITCH-
	Development Review Section (Phone: 781-788-2009) (BOARD FOR THE PLANNET)
PROJECT D	
un a	griculture-use bldg. 3,000 sq. Pt. Ab zoning
SID.	(RSUD) APN 04:4-281-045
Return this lett	ter with your comments attached no later than:
PART I	IS THE ATTACHED INFORMATION ADEQUATE FOR YOU TO DO YOUR REVIEW?
	YES (Please go on to Part II) NO (Call me ASAP to discuss what else you need. We have only 30 days in which we must accept the project as complete or request additional information.)
PART II	ARE THERE SIGNIFICANT CONCERNS, PROBLEMS OR IMPACTS IN YOUR AREA OF REVIEW?
	NO (Please go on to Part III) YES (Please describe impacts, along with recommended mitigation measures to reduce the impacts to less-than-significant levels, and attach to this letter.)
PART III	INDICATE YOUR RECOMMENDATION FOR FINAL ACTION. Please attach any conditions of approval you recommend to be incorporated into the project's approval, or state reasons for recommending denial. IF YOU HAVE "NO COMMENT," PLEASE INDICATE OR CALL.
Recons	mend Checking proposed unter sumly to assure
it m	reets drinking water standards and soil is
_ capul	ble of handling the waste stream generated
1)/18/04	1 X Sal-5551
Date	Name Phone
-	t Refertal - #216 Word.doc Revised 4/4/03 COUNTY GOVERNMENT CENTER • SAN LUIS OBISPO • CALIFORNIA 93408 • (805) 781-5600
	olanning@co.slo.ca.us • FAX: (805) 781-1242 • WEBSITE: http://www.slocoplanbldg.com





DATE:

November 10, 2004

TO:

South County Team

San Luis Obispo County Department of Planning and Building

FROM:

Melissa Guise

San Luis Obispo County Air Pollution Control District

SUBJECT:

Speizer Agriculture Use Building (DRC 2004-00090)

Thank you for including the APCD in the environmental review process. We have completed our review of the proposed project located at 7527 Orcutt Road in San Luis Obispo. The project as proposed would construct a 3,000 sq. ft. building for agricultural use. We have the following comments regarding this project.

GENERAL COMMENTS:

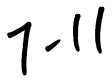
As a commenting agency in the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) review process for a project, the APCD assesses air pollution impacts from both the construction and operational phases of a project, with separate significant thresholds for each. Please address the action items contained in this letter that are highlighted by bold and underlined text.

CONSTRUCTION PHASE MITIGATION:

Based on the information provided, the air quality impacts from the construction phase of the project will exceed the District's CEQA significance threshold for grading (4.0) acres. The project shall be conditioned to comply with all applicable Air Pollution Control District regulations pertaining to the control of fugitive dust (PM10) as contained in section 6.5 of the Air Quality Handbook. All site grading and demolition plans noted shall list the following regulations:

- a. Reduce the amount of the disturbed area where possible.
- b. Use of water trucks or sprinkler systems in sufficient quantities to prevent airborne dust from leaving the site. Increased watering frequency would be required whenever wind speeds exceed 15 mph. Reclaimed (nonpotable) water should be used whenever possible.
- c. All dirt stock pile areas should be sprayed daily as needed.
- d. Permanent dust control measures identified in the approved project revegetation and landscape plans should be implemented as soon as possible following completion of any soil disturbing activities.
- e. Exposed ground areas that are planned to be reworked at dates greater than one month after initial grading should be sown with a fast germinating native grass seed and watered until vegetation is established.
- f. All disturbed soil areas not subject to revegetation should be stabilized using approved chemical soil binders, jute netting, or other methods approved in advance by the APCD.
- g. All roadways, driveways, sidewalks, etc. to be paved should be completed as soon as possible. In addition, building pads should be laid as soon as possible after grading unless seeding or soil binders are used.
- h. Vehicle speed for all construction vehicles shall not exceed 15 mph on any unpaved surface at the construction site.
- i. All trucks hauling dirt, sand, soil, or other loose materials are to be covered or should maintain at least two feet of freeboard (minimum vertical distance between top of load and top of trailer) in accordance with CVC Section 23114.

Speizer Agricultural Use Building November 10, 2004 Page 2 of 3



- j. Install wheel washers where vehicles enter and exit unpaved roads onto streets, or wash off trucks and equipment leaving the site.
- k. Sweep streets at the end of each day if visible soil material is carried onto adjacent paved roads. Water sweepers with reclaimed water should be used where feasible.

All PM10 mitigation measures required should be shown on grading and building plans. In addition, the contractor or builder should designate a person or persons to monitor the dust control program and to order increased watering, as necessary, to prevent transport of dust offsite. Their duties shall include holidays and weekend periods when work may not be in progress. The name and telephone number of such persons shall be provided to the APCD prior to land use clearance for map recordation and finished grading of the area.

Demolition Activities

Demolition activities can have potential negative air quality impacts, including issues surrounding proper handling, demolition, and disposal of asbestos containing material (ACM). Asbestos containing materials could be encountered during demolition or remodeling of existing buildings. Asbestos can also be found in utility pipes/pipelines (transite pipes or insulation on pipes). If utility pipelines are scheduled for removal or relocation; or building(s) are removed or renovated this project may be subject to various regulatory jurisdictions, including the requirements stipulated in the National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants (40CFR61, Subpart M - asbestos NESHAP). These requirements include but are not limited to: 1) notification requirements to the District, 2) asbestos survey conducted by a Certified Asbestos Inspector, and, 3) applicable removal and disposal requirements of identified ACM. Please contact Tim Fuhs of the Enforcement Division at 781-5912 for further information.

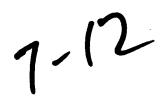
Naturally Occurring Asbestos

The project site is located in a candidate area for Naturally Occurring Asbestos (NOA), which has been identified as a toxic air contaminant by the California Air Resources Board (ARB). Under the ARB Air Toxics Control Measure (ATCM) for Construction, Grading, Quarrying, and Surface Mining Operations, prior to any grading activities at the site, the project proponent shall ensure that a geologic evaluation is conducted to determine if NOA is present within the area that will be disturbed. If NOA is not present, an exemption request must be filed with the District (see Attachment 1). If NOA is found at the site the applicant must comply with all requirements outlined in the Asbestos ATCM. This may include development of an Asbestos Dust Mitigation Plan and an Asbestos Health and Safety Program for approval by the APCD. Please refer to the APCD web page at http://www.slocleanair.org/business/asbestos.asp for more information or contact Karen Brooks of our Enforcement Division at 781-5912.

Developmental Burning

Effective February 25, 2000, the APCD prohibited developmental burning of vegetative material within San Luis Obispo County. Under certain circumstances where no technically feasible alternatives are available, limited developmental burning under restrictions may be allowed. This requires prior application, payment of fee based on the size of the project, APCD approval, and issuance of a burn permit by the APCD and the local fire department authority. The applicant is required to furnish the APCD with the study of technical feasibility (which includes costs and other constraints) at the time of application. If you have any questions regarding these requirements, contact Karen Brooks of our Enforcement Division at 781-5912.

Speizer Agricultural Use Building November 10, 2004 Page 3 of 3



Permits

Based on the information provided, we are unsure of the types of equipment that may be present at the site. Portable equipment used during construction activities may require California statewide portable equipment registration (issued by the California Air Resources Board) or an APCD permit. Operational sources may also require APCD permits. The following list is provided as a guide to equipment and operations that may have permitting requirements, but should not be viewed as exclusive.

- Waste water treatment plant (one of the drawing showed a water treatment plant. Depending on the type of plant a permit may be required to construct and operate this plant)
- Portable generators
- Chemical product processing and or manufacturing
- Electrical generation plants or the use of standby generator
- Boilers
- IC Engines

To minimize potential delays, prior to the start of the project, please contact David Dixon of the District's Engineering Division at (805) 781-5912 for specific information regarding permitting requirements.

Again, thank you for the opportunity to comment on this proposal. If you have any questions or comments, or if you would like to receive an electronic version of this letter, feel free to contact me at 781-5912.

MAG/sll

cc: Tim Fuhs, SLOAPCD Enforcement Division Karen Brooks, SLOAPCD Enforcement Division David Dixon, SLO APCD Engineering Division

Attachment: NOA Construction & Grading Project – Exemption Request Form

h:\ois\plan\response\2954.doc

Naturally Courring Asbestos – Construction & Grading Project – Exemption Request Form

Send To:

San Luis Obispo County Air Pollution Control District 3433 Roberto Court San Luis Obispo, CA 93401



Fax: (805) 781-1002

Applicant Information/ Property Owner		Project Name	
Address		Project Address an	nd /or Assessors Parcel Number
City, State, Zip		City, State, Zip	
Phone Number	Date Submitted	Agent	Phone Number

The District may provide an exemption from Section 93105 of the California Code of Regulations - <u>Asbestos Airborne Toxic Control Measure For Construction, Grading, Quarrying, And Surface Mining Operations</u> for any property that has any portion of the area to be disturbed located in a geographic ultramafic rock unit; if a registered geologist has conducted a geologic evaluation of the property and determined that no serpentine or ultramafic rock is likely to be found in the area to be disturbed. Before an exemption can be granted, the owner/operator must provide a copy of a report detailing the geologic evaluation to the District for consideration. The District will approve or deny the exemption within 90 days. An outline of the required geological evaluation is provided in the District handout "ASBESTOS AIRBORNE TOXIC CONTROL MEASURES FOR CONSTRUCTION, GRADING, QUARRYING, AND SURFACE MINING OPERATIONS – Geological Evaluation Requirements".

I request the San Luis Obispo Air Pollution Control District grant this project exemption from the requirements

APPLICANT MUST SIGN BELOW:

of the ATCM based on the attached geological evaluation.

Legal Declaration/Authorized Signature:

J	E	•		
Date:				
	OFFICE HSE ONLY ADOD	D : 150 (C 2)		
APCD Staff:	OFFICE USE ONLY - APCL	CD Required Element – Geological Evaluation Intake Date: OIS Tracking Number		
in ob Stair.		mitake Date.	OIS Tracking Number:	
Approved	Not Approved	APCD Staff:	Date Reviewed:	
Comments:				
•				

SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY

Revised 4/4/03

WEBSITE: http://www.slocoplanbldg.com



M:\PI-Forms\Project Referral - #216 Word.doc

EMAIL: planning@co.slo.ca.us

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND BUILDING

OCT 29 2

VICTOR HOLANDA, AICP DIRECTOR

OBISPO. C	THIS IS A NEW PROJECT REFERRAL	187
DATE:	10/28/04 D	EIZER
ROM		CILCIN
FROM!	(Please direct response to the above) Project Name	and Number *OR ASK THE SWITCH-
	Development Review Section (Phone: 781-788-2009	*OR ASK THE SWITCH-) (BOARD FOR THE PLANNER)
PROJECT DI	ESCRIPTION: CUP/DW. Plan > DO	rmit to build
ana	griculture-use bldg. 3,000 so	2. Pt. Abzonina
Locate	d on 62.95 ocres off Orc	att Rd. in
<u>SW.</u>	(RSW) APM 044-281-04	5
Return this lett	ter with your comments attached no later than:	104
PART I	IS THE ATTACHED INFORMATION ADEQUATE FOR YOU TO	DO YOUR REVIEW?
	YES (Please go on to Part II) NO (Call me ASAP to discuss what else you need we must accept the project as complete or req	. We have only 30 days in which uest additional information.)
<u>PART II</u>	ARE THERE SIGNIFICANT CONCERNS, PROBLEMS OR IMPACREVIEW?	CTS IN YOUR AREA OF
	NO (Please go on to Part III) YES (Please describe impacts, along with recomme reduce the impacts to less-than-significant lev	ended mitigation measures to rels, and attach to this letter.)
PART III	INDICATE YOUR RECOMMENDATION FOR FINAL ACTION approval you recommend to be incorporated into the project recommending denial. IF YOU HAVE "NO COMMENT," PLEAR	's approval, or state reasons for
WHERE	IS THIS BLOG to be DUILT ON THE PROPER	ETY? HOW COES A
"CONSTRUC	LIED WETLAND SITE PLAN" VELATE to THIS MY	31da ? From HAZARD
Avek.	IF THIS IS to be DUILT IN 100 yr Front ZONE IT U	I'll NEED to be From
proofed.	NEW DYLLEWAY ? IF SO It will MEET AN ENCYO	ochmony Termit
12 No 200	·	<i>5</i> 252
Date	Name	Phone

COUNTY GOVERNMENT CENTER • SAN LUIS OBISPO • CALIFORNIA 93408 • (805) 781-5600

FAX: (805) 781-1242



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO 7-15

Department of Agriculture/Measurement Standards

2156 SIERRA WAY, SUITE A • SAN LUIS OBISPO, CALIFORNIA 93401-4556 ROBERT F. LILLEY (805) 781-5910 AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER/SEALER FAX (805) 781-1035 AgCommSLO@co.slo.ca.us

DATE:

February 8, 2005

TO:

Brian Pedrotti, Planner III

FROM:

Lynda L. Auchinachie, Agriculture Department

SUBJECT:

Speizer Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090 (0965)

The following report responds to your request for comments on the Speizer Conditional Use Permit. A site evaluation was conducted during January, 2005. The comments and recommendations in our report are based on current departmental policy to conserve agriculture resources and to provide for public health, safety and welfare while mitigating negative impact of development to agriculture.

Project Description and Agricultural Setting

The applicant is requesting to modify an approved Development Plan/Conditional Use Permit to allow for the development of an agricultural accessory structure and constructed wetland/winery wastewater processing facility at a location outside of the existing building envelope. The total area of development would remain a maximum of 6.5 acres. The applicant is also requesting to temporarily stockpile soil from the on-site winery construction project.

The project site is located in the Edna Valley northwest of the Tiffany Ranch development. This area supports wine grape vineyards, vegetable production and field crops. The project site consists of the prime soils Salinas silty clay loam and Marimel sandy clay loam as well as the non-prime soils Tierra loam and Chamise shaly loam. The project site currently supports approximately 23 acres of vineyards. A winery facility is under construction within a designated building envelope located on prime soils. An agricultural accessory structure has been established in an area classified as prime soils. An on site inspection indicated crop production in the area of the accessory structure may be compromised due to drainage issues.

Project Impacts to Agricultural Resources

The proposed modifications would result in similar impacts to agricultural resources as the original proposal due to the amount of conversion of prime soils. The accessory structure and constructed wetlands would not have a land use impact on adjacent agricultural lands. The applicant has indicated the stockpiled soil will be used on-site for crop production and/or landscaping for the winery development, which would not adversely impact agricultural resources. No mitigation is recommended.

7-16

Comments and recommendations are based on policies in the San Luis Obispo County Agriculture and Open Space Element, the Land Use Ordinance, the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), and on current departmental policy to conserve agricultural resources and to provide for public health, safety and welfare while mitigating negative impacts of development to agriculture.

If you have questions, please call 781-5914.



California Regional Water Quality Control Board

Central Coast Region



Alan C. Lloyd, Ph.D.

Secretary for

Environmental

Protection

Internet Address: http://www.swrcb.ca.gov 895 Aerovista Place, Suite 101, San Luis Obispo, California 93401 Phone (805) 549-3147 • FAX (805) 543-0397 Arnold Schwarzenegger

February 18, 2005

7-17

FEB 2 2 2005

SLO CO PLANNING & ELDG

Brian Pedrotti SLO County Planning and Building Dept. County Government Center San Luis Obispo, CA 93408

Dear Mr. Pedrotti:

DOMAINE ALFRED WINERY'S PROPOSED PROCESS WASTEWATER SYSTEM, 7525 ORCUTT ROAD, SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY

We understand you are currently preparing environmental documentation for Domaine Alfred Winery's proposed constructed wetland process wastewater treatment system at 7575 Orcutt Road, San Luis Obispo County. We wish to express general support for the constructed wetland treatment system. In the past, wineries of this size might utilize a conventional septic system, which are prone to failure. Constructed wetlands are an effective alternative to septic systems, and a less energy-consuming alternative to aerated pond systems. We hope that Domaine Alfred Winery's constructed wetland system will serve as model solution for other wineries in San Luis Obispo County.

Domaine Alfred Winery has submitted a complete Report of Waste Discharge for the proposed constructed wetland system, and we plan to enroll it under our General Waste Discharge Requirements for Wineries in the near future. We anticipate that the wastewater system will have little or no impact on water quality.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact Matt Thompson at (805) 549-3159 or Gerhardt Hubner at (805) 542-4647.

Sincerely,

Roger W. Briggs/ Executive Officer

cc:

Tim Woodle Pults & Associates 3450 Broad Street, Suite 106 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

S:\WDR\WDR Facilities\San Luis Obispo Co\Domaine Alfred Winery\Support for Constructed Wetland.doc File: NEW: General WDRs Wineries, Domaine Alfred Winery

California Environmental Protection Agency





California Regional Water Quality Control Board

Central Coast Region



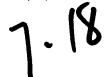
Alan C. Lloyd, Ph.D.

Secretary for

Environmental

Protection

Internet Address: http://www.swrcb.ca.gov 895 Aerovista Place, Suite 101, San Luis Obispo, California 93401 Phone (805) 549-3147 • FAX (805) 543-0397





CLO CO PLANNING & BLDG.

Terry Speizer Domaine Alfred Winery 7525 Orcutt Road

San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

Dear Mr. Speizer:

March 7, 2005

NOTICE OF ENROLLMENT UNDER GENERAL WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS FOR WINERIES AND TRANSMITTAL OF MODIFIED MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM NO. R3-2003-0084, DOMAINE ALFRED WINERY, SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY

Thank you for submitting a Notice of Intent to Comply with the Terms of the General Waste Discharge Requirements for Discharges of Winery Waste (General WDRs) and first annual fee for Domaine Alfred Winery. Based on the information provided, we understand the following:

- The winery is located at 7677 Orcutt Road, San Luis Obispo County, at Assessor's Parcel No. 044-231-045.
- Wine production will be expanded to 26,000 cases annually. Peak process wastewater flow will be 2,250 gallons per day during the crush season. Waste discharge will be minimized by water conservation (e.g. pressure washers for cleaning), use of ozone in lieu of some cleaning compounds, and reverse osmosis instead of water softeners.
- Process wastewater will be screened by floor drain screens, clarified in a 7,000-gallon septic tank(s), and treated in a subsurface treatment constructed wetland. The treatment constructed wetland will be 2,800 ft² by 3 feet deep, lined with plastic, filled with pea gravel, and planted with hydrophytic plants. Treatment will occur subsurface in the plant root zone. The treatment constructed wetland is expected to remove 98% of BOD, and 99% of solids from process wastewater. Treated wastewater will be disposed via evaporation and percolation in an approximately 10,000 ft² by 6 ft deep evaporative constructed wetland. The evaporative constructed wetland will be located at least 100 feet from any watercourse.
- > Pomace and screenings will be composted at a dedicated composting area for at least six months and then incorporated into surrounding soils.

Based on the above description, regulation of the winery process waste discharge at Domaine Alfred Winery by the General WDRs is appropriate. Domaine Alfred Winery is hereby enrolled under the General WDRs. Enrollment under the General WDRs requires you to follow Monitoring and Reporting Program (MRP) No. R3-2003-0084. The MRP has been modified specifically for Domaine Alfred Winery and is attached. Please implement the MRP immediately after the wetland system comes online. Note that the first

California Environmental Protection Agency



monitoring report is due February 1, 2005. Regional Board staff will begin regular inspections of Domaine Alfred Winery this fall to ensure continued compliance with the General WDRs.

We look forward to working with you to protect water quality. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact **Matt Thompson at (805) 549-3159** or Gerhardt Hubner at (805) 542-4647.

Sincerely,

Roger W. Briggs/ Executive Officer

Enclosure: Modified MRP No. R3-2002-0084

Cc:

Brian Pedrotti SLO County Planning and Building Dept. County Government Center San Luis Obispo, CA 93408

Tim Woodle Pults & Associates 3450 Broad Street, Suite 106 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

Rob Miller John Wallace and Associates 4115 Broad Street, Suite B-5 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401-7963

File: General WDRs Wineries, Domaine Alfred Winery S:\WDR\WDR Facilities\San Luis Obispo Co\Domaine Alfred Winery\Notice of Enrollment.doc

7.20

CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD CENTRAL COAST REGION 895 Aerovista Place, Suite 101 San Luis Obispo, California 93401

MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM NO. R3-2002-0084 Modified June 7, 2005

for

DOMAINE ALFRED WINERY SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY

WATER SUPPLY MONITORING

Representative samples of the winery water supply shall be collected and analyzed as follows:

			Minimum Frequency of Sampling
Constituent	Units	Sample Type	and Analysis
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	Grab	Annually
Chloride	mg/L	Grab	<i>دد</i> دد
Sodium	mg/L	Grab	دد دد
Boron	mg/L	Grab	دد دد
pН		Grab	((((

PRODUCTION MONITORING

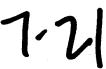
Winery production shall be reported as follows:

Parameter	Units	Sample Type	Reporting Frequency
Start and End of Crush	Dates		Annually
Duration of Crush	Days		ii ii
Grapes Crushed	Tons/year	Measured	cc cc
Wine Production	Cases/year	Measured	ε ε ε ε

CHEMICAL USAGE MONITORING

A summary of volumes and types of any chemicals used at the winery shall be included with each monitoring report.

EFFLUENT MONITORING



Representative samples of effluent from the treatment constructed wetland shall be collected and analyzed according to the following schedule:

Constituent	Units	Sample Type	Minimum Frequency of Sampling and Analysis
Flow	gallons per	Metered	Weekly
Tiow	day (gpd)	Wictered	Weekly
Peak Daily Flow	gpd	Calculated	Annually
Avg. Daily Flow During	gpd	Calculated	Annually
Crush			
pН	pH units	Metered	At least twice during crush
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	Grab	Annually, during crush
(BOD ₅) or Chemical Oxygen			
Demand (COD)	,		
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	Grab	cc cc
Chloride	mg/L	Grab	cc cc
Sodium	mg/L	Grab	ις ις
Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	Grab	cc cc
Total Nitrogen	mg/L	Grab	cc cc
Sulfate	mg/L	Grab	cc
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	Grab	cc cc
Total Chlorine Residual	mg/L	Grab	Annually (after equipment
			cleaning)
1,2 Dichloroethane	mg/L	Grab	cc
1,1 Dichloroethylene	mg/L	Grab	cc cc
1,1,2 Trichloroethane	mg/L	Grab	cc cc

DISPOSAL AREA MONITORING

The Discharger shall inspect and document the condition of the evaporative constructed wetland areas (pond) at least once per week during the crush season. Notations shall be made in a bound log book and include observations of available freeboard in the pond, algal growth in ponds, odors, insects, or other potential nuisance conditions that may be present. Any problems shall be promptly corrected. A record shall be kept of the dates and nature of observations and corrective actions taken. A summary of the entries made in the log shall be submitted with each monitoring report.

SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL MONITORING

A summary of estimated volumes and disposal locations of screenings, tank residues, and solids shall be included with each monitoring report.

7-22

SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PROVISIONS

- 1. All sampling, sample preservation, and analysis shall be performed in accordance with the latest edition of 40 CFR Part 136 "Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants". The Executive Officer may specify test methods that are more sensitive than those specified in 40 CFR Part 136.
- 2. Periodic samples shall be taken at regular intervals and be representative of the monitored activity.
- 3. All analytical services shall be conducted at a laboratory certified for such analyses by the State Department of Health, or at a laboratory approved by the Executive Officer.
- 4. All analytical data shall be reported with method detection limits (MDLs) and with identification of either practical quantitation levels (PQLs) or limits of quantitation (LOQs).
- 5. All monitoring instruments and devices used by the discharger to fulfill this Monitoring and Reporting Program shall be properly maintained and calibrated, as necessary to ensure their continued accuracy.

REPORTING PROVISIONS

- Monitoring reports shall be submitted to the Regional Board annually, by February 1 of each year.
 Monitoring reports shall contain all monitoring data obtained during the previous calendar year. The
 report shall discuss the compliance record and corrective actions taken, or which may be needed, to
 bring the discharge into full compliance with the General WDRs.
- 2. Monitoring data shall be arranged in tabular format so that the date, constituents, and concentrations are readily discernible. The data shall be summarized in such a manner to clearly illustrate whether the discharge complies with effluent limitations.
- 3. The Discharger shall also submit monitoring data and the monitoring reports electronically. Electronic data should be formatted into a Microsoft Excel or equivalent spreadsheet. Electronic report templates are available by contacting Regional Board staff at (805) 549-3147. Electronic submittal should be provided on either 3.5-inch disk or optical compact disk. Electronic data storage media should be labeled with facility name and period of monitoring.
- 4. If the Discharger monitors any pollutant more frequently than is required by this monitoring program, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the monitoring reports (i.e., quarterly groundwater elevation, etc.).
- 5. All monitoring reports shall be signed and certified in accordance with Section E.10 and 11 of the General WDRs.
- 6. The Discharger shall deliver a copy of each monitoring report in the appropriate format to the Central Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board at the following address:

895 Aerovista Place, Suite 101 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

7. The Discharger shall assure that records of all monitoring information are maintained and accessible for a period of at least five years from the date of the sample. This period of retention shall be

4 1.23

Modified March 7, 2005

extended during the course of any unresolved litigation regarding this discharge or by the request of the Executive Officer. Records of monitoring information shall include:

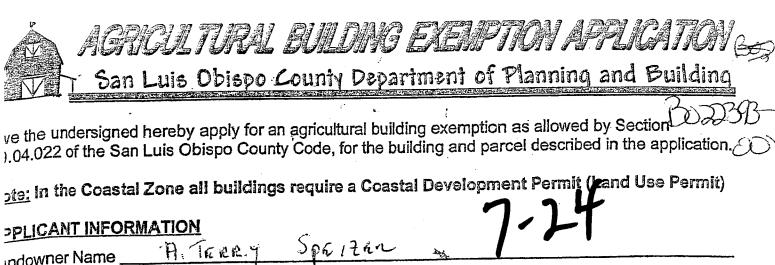
- a. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
- b. The individual(s) who performed the sampling, and/or measurements;
- c. The date(s) analyses were performed;
- d. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
- e. The analytical techniques or methods used;
- f. All sampling and analytical results;
- g. All monitoring equipment calibration and maintenance records.
- 8. The Discharger shall immediately report any non-compliance potentially endangering public health or the environment to the Regional Board (805/549-3147) and/or any additional appropriate agency. Any information shall be provided orally within 24 hours from the time the Discharger becomes aware of the circumstances. A written report shall also be submitted to the Executive Officer within five (5) days of the time the Discharger becomes aware of the circumstances. The written report shall contain (1) a description of the non-compliance and its cause; (2) the period of non-compliance, including dates and times, and if the non-compliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and (3) steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the non-compliance.
- 9. The Discharger shall report all instances of non-compliance not reported under Reporting Provision No. 8 at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in Reporting Provision No.8.

Ordered By

Roger W. Briggs // Executive Officer

Data

S:\WDR\WDR Facilities\San Luis Obispo Co\Domaine Alfred Winery\Modified MRP Domaine Alfred.doc



<u>ote:</u> In the Coastal Zone all buildings require a Coastal Development Permit (kand Use Permit)
PLICANT INFORMATION Indowner Name H. TERRY Speltin The Speltin Transport of the Speltin Transport of the Speltin State of The Speltin Spel
**Sessor Parcel Number(s): 044, 231, 045 Igal Description: Lot/Block Parcel Tract/Parcel Map No. CO SY 279 Section/ Township/Range County N/A Oject address: 3767 CRUITT-RU
escribe the current agricultural use of the property:
SCRIPTION OF EXEMPT BUILDING DOT Area: 3000 SG fT Height: 21 (EAT Height: 41 (EAT Slongk of Equipment And produce
filing for this exemption, I certify the structure will not be used for any purpose other than those allowed for an ricultural building as defined by Section 202 of the Uniform Building Code (UBC). No portion of the building will used for living or sleeping quarters, the sale of merchandise, agricultural processing, or any other use that is t directly related to the agricultural operations on the same property. I also certify that all work will comply with provisions of applicable construction codes and other laws/ordinances of this jurisdiction. Unless otherwise empted, separate plumbing, electrical and mechanical permits will be required for the ag-exempt building.
ave read and understand the above and the information on the reverse of this form, and am aware of the forcement provisions of the San Luis Obispo County Code for violations thereof. I agree to allow routine spections by those authorized to do so, at reasonable hours, to assure continuing compliance with this
operty owner signature
DFFICE USE ONLY Date Received: 4/15/1/3 By: Planning Area RSLO Community Code

Planning Division Review by:

Building Division Clearance by



PROPERTY AND PROJECT LAYOUT

San Luis Obispo County Department of Planning and Building

NOTE:

Please make sure you put all the required information as specified on the back of this for on the plan, and that you include an accurately drawn vicinity map that shows how to drive the property.

OWNERS NAME [GREY PRIME SITE ADDRESS 1967 CENTY SITE ADDRESS 1967 CENTY SITE ADDRESS 1967 CENTY		the property.	
OWNERS NAME There She had			
OWNERS NAME There She had			
OMERS NAME TO THE ADDRESS 7963 CONTIN			. ,
OMERS NAME TO THE ADDRESS 7963 CONTIN			149
OMERS NAME TO THE ADDRESS 7963 CONTIN		Profession Burn	
OMERS NAME TO THE ADDRESS 7963 CONTIN			
OMERS NAME TO THE ADDRESS 7963 CONTIN		De 100 minimum	
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			: <u>-:</u>
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			<u>.</u>
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			: :
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			
SITE ADDRESS: 776 J. C.			
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500			ا است. النب
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500		Tonoi Sosi	ten
SITE ADDRESS 776 2500		OWNERS NAME INTE	
II GHE ADN-044 231, 645		SITE ADDRESS: 1764 CEMI	P
		SIF APN: 047, 231, 645	
NORTH SCALE I In. = Scale II.	NORT	TSCALE IN SCORE	1

May 26, 2005 7.24

Good Morning Members of the Planning Commission:

PLANNING COMMISSION

EXHIBIT: <u>DRC 2004</u> -00090

DATE: 5/26-05

DO NOT REMOVE FROM FILE

My name is Karen Merriam, and I am a resident at 1615 Tiffany Ranch Road, Arroyo Grande. My ten-acre property is several hundred yards from the subject property of this hearing--The Domaine Alfred Winery. I was a party to the original 1999 agreement between Mr. Terry Speizer and the neighboring residents (known as Friends for Responsible Edna Valley Development or, FRED) which specified the final conditions of approval by the Board of Supervisors for the development of The Domaine Alfred Winery and associated tasting room.

In an effort to come to this agreement, the neighbors negotiated over a period of two years with Mr. Speizer and his representatives, and expended over \$20,000. of personal funds to retain expert testimony and legal counsel in order to arrive at a final compromise settlement that all felt we could live with. We were encouraged by Supervisor Achadjian to take this path in order that we would not have to return to the Planning Commission or Supervisors in future to work out any disputes.

But here we are before you, five and 1/2 years later, asking that you deny Mr. Speizer's requests to modify and change the Conditions of Approval that we worked so hard to attain. We do not feel that there is substantial or compelling need to alter the plans as approved in 1999.

The large, metal Agricultural Accessory Building for which Mr. Speizer is seeking approval today was built several years ago with a permit erroneously given to him over-the-counter in the Planning Dept. We have reason to believe that Mr. Speizer has used a large part of the building for purposes not permitted by the permit he was given in error - that is, to refrigerate and store case goods of wine. Surrounding the building are tanks, pallets, and miscellaneous debris. Farm equipment is also stored in the building. This building is in plain sight of several residences of Tiffany Ranch Road. Its size will not permit real mitigation of its visual impact. We request that the building be removed from its present location. If it is to be relocated on the same parcel, it would need to fit within the envelope of the original plans bound by the 1999 agreement. The original agreement specified the necessity of application for a Conditional Use permit for any accessory buildings for the direct purpose of preventing the parcel from being impacted by further structures beyond the permitted winery and tasting room. Mr Speizer does have a similar Ag. Accessory building on his adjacent parcel. My understanding is that it contains barrels for wine. Whether this use is permitted or not I do not know, and isn't within the scope of my remarks. It is my belief that the Planning Dept. made a mistake in granting the permit for the accessory building and should see to it that it is removed from the parcel.

The second item in question in this Conditional Use hearing is a new design and location for the Wastewater Treatment of the byproducts of winery production. While we understand that the Regional Water Quality Control Board looks favorably on this type of "constructed wetland" being proposed by Mr. Speizer, we

feel there are serious gaps in information available to know if this is truly a superior alternative to the more traditional aerated pond methods more commonly in use in this area. There are several aspects of particular concern to the neighbors: 1) What odors will be created by the constructed wetland method of wastewater treatment? The RWQCB had no information regarding this. In fact they have documents and hearsay only about this method of processing winery wastewater. They have not visited or talked with neighbors or owners of this kind treatment process. 2) What potential exists for breeding mosquitoes in the "lagoons?" We have asked these questions, and no adequate answers have been provided. 3) What water would be discharged into the constructed wetland and by what piping and pumping system? How would a sufficient amount of waste-water be generated year-round to maintain the water level of the ponds?

Apart from the treatment process itself, the proposed new location is not acceptable to the neighbors. Again, it is in direct line-of-sight & smell&and flight of the neighbors' residences. We believe that whatever wastewater treatment system is approved should be at the originally approved location - next to the winery. Only when we were able to review the final drawing for the proposed wastewater system at the far south end of the property did it become clear that Mr. Speizer envisions this area as being part of the public events aspect of his winery. This is not acceptable to the surrounding neighbors to have a "public park" adjacent to their homes. This is not what we agreed to. The original compromise plans were based on the sights, smells, lights, and noises from wine production and public use be mitigated by the knoll behind which the winery is being constructed.

I would like to call to your attention that Mr. Speizer has not contacted the neighbors to discuss any of his proposed changes during the years since the original agreement in 1999. When he broke ground for the winery, he moved vast quantities of dirt by trucks to the far southern end of the property. Only when we complained to code enforcement and the building & planning dept. was it revealed, reluctantly, that this earth moving was part of the larger plan --not yet presented to the planning dept.--to build the constructed wetland, and essentially to develop this far end of the property. Unfortunately, this represents a pattern of activity by Mr. Speizer in which he engages in uses that are not approved or appropriately permitted, and only later - after they are completed does he reveal his intentions.

We had hoped that the original agreement of 1999 would prevent the very issues which are before you today. We ask that you reject Mr. Speizer's request that you approve what he has already done - We ask that you require him to remove the Ag. Accessory Building; and that his wastewater treatment process be constructed in its originally approved location, adjacent to the winery building. Additionally, further information rearding odors and mosquito control should be provided before permits for the constructed wetland process be approved - if it is approved.

Thank you for your careful review of this application.

Haren Merrian

1.28

Speizer Winery Development Wetlands Wastewater Treatment Project

To: Planning Commissioners

My name is Andrea Brauninger and I have lived at 1455 Tiffany Ranch Rd., Arroyo Grande for 30 years. I am also immediately downwind from the proposed wetlands. I urge you to reject Mr. Speizer's Conditional Use permit for constructed wetlands. I am concerned that a mosquito problem will be created.

I am giving you a copy of an abstract from the University of California Statewide Integrated Pest Management Program. It addresses mosquito problems created by Constructed Wastewater Treatment Wetlands. The article states: "Surrounding land uses and the potential for mosquitoes to move from a wetland into residential zones must be considered when siting a wetland. Adult mosquitoes effectively disperse up to several miles from their development areas."

I am a physician in the county, and obviously feel mosquitoes are a serious health hazard due to their association with West Nile Virus and other illness. West Nile Virus first appeared in California in 2004, resulting in the largest number of cases in the nation. A total of 829 infections were detected: 289 were neuroinvasive (encephalitis, meningitis, polio-like paralysis) and 27 deaths. San Luis Obispo County had its first case of neuroinvasive WNV in 2004. The virus is now endemic in our bird population, and the situation will only get worse. At least 4 species of mosquitoes present in our county can carry the virus and transmit it from birds to people and animals. I feel with the very real threat of a deadly and paralyzing virus looming over us in the coming years, it is ridiculous to add a wetlands in our neighborhood to encourage mosquito growth.

Mosquitoes reproduce in shallow, stagnant puddles of water high in vegetable content, as would be found in the large wetlands area proposed. The proposed site would have no hill to prevent transmission by wind of mosquitoes to playing children, livestock and adults.

The original agreement encouraged sending wastewater to a pond-type facility typical of the wineries in our area which was to be placed to the NW of the winery (where there are no neighbors) behind a large hill. There is no reason to deviate from this plan and place an untried system which has potential health problems in the southwest portion of the parcel, with no hill to mitigate wind flow, odors, or visual impact.

PLANNING COMMISSION

EXHIBIT: <u>DRC 2004-00096</u>

DATE: 5-26-05

DO NOT REMOVE FROM FILE

Printer-friendly version

UC IPM Home Search

How to Manage Pests

Landscapes, gardens, & turf Homes, people, & pets Agriculture

Weather data & products

Degree-days

Interactive tools & models

Educational Resources

Publications & more Workshops and events PCA exam helper Pesticide safety

Research and IPM

Grants programs Funded-project results

- What's new
- Announcements
- Site index
- ₱ Help
- Acknowledgments
- **UC ANR: more topics**

How to Manage Pests **Mosquitoes**

7.29

| More mosquito information |

PDF to Print

Sections of this publication:

Siting, Pretreatment to

Minimize Mosquito

Treatment Wetlands

Section 2: Treatment Wetland

1. Introduction

Production

Published 2004

Managing

Mosquitoes in

Surface-Flow

Constructed

- 2. Treatment Wetland Siting and Pretreatment to Minimize Mosquito Production
- 3. Treatment Wetland Design and Operation
- Recommendations for Enhancing Mosquito
 Abatement Efforts in Constructed Wetlands, and Conclusion
- 5. Bibliography
- 6. For More Information

PLANNING COMMISSION

EXHIBIT: DR & 2004-0009

DATE: 526-15

DO NOT REMOVE FROM FILE

Section 2: Treatment Wetland Siting

Most treatment wetlands must be built near the wastewater source because conveyance of wastewater and storm water over long distances is expensive and impractical. Several excellent publications listed in the bibliography highlight the factors to be considered when siting a wetland and describe the engineering principles that should be considered in the design of a wetland for water quality improvement.

Surrounding land uses and the potential for mosquitoes to move from a wetland into residential and commercial zones must be considered when siting a wetland. A conflict will be created over time if suburban sprawl encroaches on treatment wetlands in rural areas. Also, the area circumscribed by a wetland underestimates the potential region affected by mosquitoes because adult mosquitoes effectively disperse up to several miles from their developmental sites.

Buffer zones between human developments and adjacent mosquito habitation sites have been recommended by public health officials outside the United States to extend 1 to 1-1/4 miles (1.5 to 2 km), but larger buffer zones of 3 miles (5 km) or more may be needed in situations where resident mosquito species disperse readily. Strong prevailing winds can move swarms of biting adult mosquitoes up to 10 miles (16 km). Active mosquito abatement is generally carried out within a 1-mile radius of a human residential area if active sites of mosquito production are nearby. There is currently no

1 2 6

established criterion in California for determining the size of a buffer zone around a treatment wetland. Typical distances reached by 90 percent of the mosquitoes emerging from a freshwater treatment wetland might range from 1/2 to 3 miles (1 to 5 km), but a buffer zone of this size may not be sufficient to avoid legal abatement.

Pretreatment to Minimize Mosquito Production

Poor water quality tends to increase the production of mosquitoes. High levels of organic matter and nutrients, particularly reduced forms of nitrogen such as ammonia, are thought to provide nutrients for the bacteria and algae used as food by mosquito larvae. The decomposition of organic matter and conversion of ammonium to other forms of nitrogen in the nitrogen cycle require considerable amounts of oxygen, which can lead to low dissolved oxygen concentration and can create unsuitable conditions for aquatic mosquito predators such as predatory insects and fish.

Wastewater may require pretreatment before discharge into a treatment wetland, and the level of pretreatment is an important consideration in the size of a treatment wetland. Studies to date indicate that discharge of raw or primary-treated municipal wastewaters into a vegetated lagoon or shallow vegetated wetland can result in mosquito larval abundance from several hundred to over 1,000 larvae per 400-milliliter dip sample.

Pretreatment to secondary standards may limit average densities to fewer than 200 mosquito larvae per sample, but these levels far exceed acceptable mosquito abundance, particularly when humans live nearby. Where threshold values for intervention against mosquitoes are in place for seasonally flooded and treatment wetlands, they range from average densities as low as 0.2 to 0.5 mosquito larvae *Culex* and other species) per dip sample to 5 mosquito larvae per dip sample. Although pretreatment before discharge into a treatment wetland may reduce mosquito production, it does not guarantee against mosquito presence.

Next section

Managing Mosquitoes in Surface-Flow Constructed Treatment Wetlands,

William E. Walton, Department of Entomology, University of California, Riverside

Copyright © 2004 The Regents of the University of California, Division of Agriculture and Natural Resources. All rights reserved.

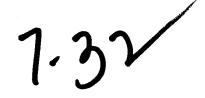
Statewide IPM Program, Agriculture and Natural Resources, University of California All contents copyright © 2005 The Regents of the University of California. All rights reserved.

For noncommercial purposes only, any Web site may link directly to this page. FOR ALL OTHER USES or more information, read <u>Legal Notices</u>. Unfortunately, we cannot provide individual solutions to specific pest problems. See <u>How to manage pests</u>, or in the U.S., contact your <u>local Cooperative Extension office</u> for assistance. /PMG/PESTNOTES/mosquitowetlands2.html revised: March 15, 2005. <u>Contact webmaster</u>.

7-30

	W. Nile Virus Neuroinvasive	West Nile Fever	Tuberculosis	Syphilis - Total	Shigellosis	Salmonellosis	Rubella	Pertussis	Meningococcal Disease	Meningitis, H-Flu	Meningitis - Viral	Meningitis - Total	Measles (Rubeola)	Listerosis	Hepatitis, Unspecified	Hepatitis C Chronic-	Hepatitis C Acute	Hepatitis B	Hepatitis A	Gonorrhea	PPNG	Giardia	E. Coli 0157:H7	Cryptosporidiosis	Coccidioidomycosis	Chlamydia	Campylobacter	Brucellosis	Amebiasis	AIDS	Disease January February March Total 2005 Total
**************************************	asive	•	1	l	z*			\$ ***			-			· ·	. 1	·														,	
(0	0	· •	/ - 2 ·	•	· —	· •	· • C	• •	0	ယ	4	. 0	: . 	,0	51	, or hand	Ċ	•	: 6	•	· —	, <u>-</u>	⊢ ••	9	4 8	7	0	•	ω	January
ORTED CLASS	0 .	0	12	/ • •	·	- 2		••.	0) O			•	Ç	(, • •	62	0	—	/ 	12	• 0	6	0		15	. 34	7	<u></u>	0	0	February
CL ASS	0	0		4. (. c	, ,) . <u>.</u> =	> ⊢	• c		4	4.	. 0-) (C	, \ ©	15	0		<u></u>	Φ	0	<u>بنر</u> :	0	, ,	ي ر	38	6	С	· •	—	March
	0	, C	, t	. ~	1 €	s U	n C	> N) C) C	7	; i vc	· c)	· •	128	—	17	12	. 14		· oc	, <u>-</u>	w	· 33	120	20	<u> </u>		4	Total 2005
	1	0	, 2) [J) 00	, c	•	> ;=) C) 31	 8	} -	0) 	411	0	41	4	37	6	- 1	: 12	· 53	, 6	4/3	දි දි	-		· .	Total 2004





West Nile Virus and Treatment Trials Department of Health Services Viral and Rickettsial Disease Laboratory Branch

In 2004, California reported more West Nile Virus (WNV) cases than any other state. A total of 829 WNV infections were detected; 289 were neuroinvasive (encephalitis, meningitis, and/or acute flaccid paralysis) with 27 WNV-related fatalities. Experts predict that California will experience a large number of human cases again in 2005.

There is no proven clinical therapy for WNV infections. However, there are three on-going randomized controlled trials (RCTs) for WNV neuroinvasive disease. Very few individuals have been enrolled in any of these studies.

We encourage healthcare providers to review the protocols for the RCTs and determine if any of them are appropriate for their facility. It is important that

healthcare providers consider these protocols in advance of West Nile season.

The three clinical trials and contact information:

- 1. A Randomized Double-Blinded, Placebo Controlled Trial of Alpha-Interferon (Alferon) Therapy for West Nile Meningoencephalitis (Protocol WN-102). Contact: James J. Rahal, phone: (718) 670-1525; e-mail: JJR9002@nyp.org; Web site: www.Nyhq.org/posting/rahal.html
- 2. A Phase I/II Randomized, Placebo-controlled Trial to Assess the Safety and Efficacy of Intravenous Immunoglobulin G (Omr-IgG-am) Containing High Anti-West Nile Virus Antibody Titers in Patients With,

(continued on page 11)

West Nile Virus (continued from page 10)

or at High Risk for, Progression to West Nile Virus (WNV) Encephalitis and/or Myelitis. Sponsored by: National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID), National Institutes of Health. Contact: Walla Dempsey, phone: (301) 496-7453; e-mail: wdempsey@niaid.nih.gov; Web site: http://www.elinicaltrials.gov/show/NCT00068055

3. An Exploratory Study of the Safety, Tolerability, Pharmacokinetics and Potential Effectiveness of AVI-4020 Injection in Patients Presenting with Presumptive Acute Neuroinvasive West Nile Virus (WNV) Disease. Contact; Desiree Hollemon, phone: (503) 227-0554; e-mail: Dhollemon@avibio.com; Web site: www.clinicaltrials.gov/ct/show/NCT0091845

For more information about WNV in California, please visit our Web site at: http://westnile.ca.gov, or contact your local health department. An update on WNV in California will be published in the July issue of the *Action Report*.

May 24,2005

Board of Supervisors:

To whom it may concern:

My name is Irene M. Bottrell and I reside at 1355 Tiffany Ranch Road. I am writing in regards to the request by Mr. Terri Spicer for a Conditional Use Permit for outbuilding and Wetlands. I find it difficult to believe this is being addressed again. A complete site plan and conditions were discussed and re-discussed until an agreement was reach by all interested parties. It allowed Mr. Spicer to develop his winery with the minimum impact on surrounding areas. The building was built in violation of that master plan and now to add insult to injury we are expected to accept a proposed wetlands. I feel that any waters that need to be treated should be handles close to the winery. Then if any problems (odor, pest, erosion, run-off would be immediately identified and corrected. Placing these wetlands far from the winery and close to residence is not healthy or wise. Why should the neighborhood deal with the winery waste problems? It is my understanding that everyone needs permits to vary from development plans **Before** construction. This building should be treated like any other non-permitted improvement and removed. I thank-you for your consideration.

Sincerely

rene M. Bottrell

n Botters

PLANNING COMMISSION

EXHIBIT: DRC 2004-0009c

DATE: 5-26-05

DO NOT REMOVE FROM FILE



Lona Franklin 05/23/2005 02:54 PM To: Nancy Orton/Planning/COSLO

cc: Lona Franklin/Planning/COSLO@Wings

Subject: Re: Fw: Public Hearing May 26 re Terry Speizer Request

I have forwarded your email to the Commissioners and the planner. Lona Franklin, Secretary. County Planning Commission Nancy Orton

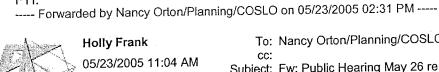


Nancy Orton

To: Lona Franklin/Planning/COSLO@Wings

05/23/2005 02:32 PM

Subject: Fw: Public Hearing May 26 re Terry Speizer Request



Holly Frank

To: Nancy Orton/Planning/COSLO@Wings

05/23/2005 11:04 AM

Subject: Fw: Public Hearing May 26 re Terry Speizer Request

---- Forwarded by Holly Frank/Planning/COSLO on 05/23/2005 11:04 AM -----



JHolden980@aol.com

To: planning@co.slo.ca.us

05/22/2005 10:22 PM

Subject: Public Hearing May 26 re Terry Speizer Request

We received your Notice of Public Hearing on Thursday, May 26th, to consider a request by Terry Speizer for a Conditional Use Permit to allow an agricultural accessory building and constructed wetlands (winery processing wastewater facility).

We own Lot 32 at Edna Ranch and intend to begin construction of our home sometime next year. Our lot has an unobstructed view to Orcutt Road. Two weeks ago, we visited the lot. The winery buildings are very visible from our lot. While we are not against the winery or the request, we would ask that you require Mr. Speizer's buildings (present and future) to be of earth tones that will blend into the surrounding countryside. As they stand today, they are not a pleasant site from our lot. We understand that the buildings are currently under construction and may not reflect their final appearance. We hope this is the case, and would appreciate your assistance in maintaining the view from our lot.

Thank you for your consideration in this matter, James L. Sanford and Jean H. Holden Owners, Lot 32, Edna Ranch 044-072-032 12451 Interior Circle Los Alamitos, CA 90720-5106

April 17, 2005

APR 1 3 2005

County of San Luis Obispo Planning Commission County Government Center San Luis Obispo, CA 93408

Dear Commissioners,

Terry Speizer of Domaine Alfred Winery has applied for a permit to establish constructed wetlands and a new barn. We support his effort and consider the improvements to be in character with this part of the county.

Our property overlooks the Edna Valley from above Tiffany Ranch Road and we consider the wine-growing region a real asset to the area in which we reside. Terry Speizer and his Domaine Alfred Winery is a good neighbor and his presence adds considerable ambiance to our rural community. Not only has Terry Speizer been a good neighbor, he has also created, with his stewardship of the land, a truly world class winery from the old Chamisal property. It is this kind of dedication that is such an important part of the character of this truly wonderful place in which we live. We support Terry Speizer's effort to continue this tradition in the future.

We understand that Terry has met all requirements and we support a speedy approval of his application. Do not hesitate to contact us should you have any questions.

Sazanne Rullin

Yours Truly,

Terry and Suzanne Rutlin 1730 Condado Vista Court

Arroyo Grande, CA 93420

805-547-1770

1.34

April 17, 2005

\$450.50 /4.10 **APR 1** 9 **2005** \$1.0.00.PL/GHBWQ DEPT.

County of San Luis Obispo Planning Commission County Government Center San Luis Obispo, CA 93408

Dear Commissioners,

We are writing to support the application of Terry Speizer and Domaine Alfred Winery for constructed wetlands and a new barn.

We live on one of the hills between Tiffany Ranch Road and Corbett Canyon Road, and consider ourselves neighbors. Our home is actually above Tiffany Ranch Road and so faces the Edna Valley. Consequently, our view includes much of the Domaine Alfred property. Terry Speizer and Domaine Alfred have been excellent neighbors and what has been done so far with the old Chamisal Winery if truly a benefit to the area. We consider ourselves lucky to have Terry and Domaine Alfred in the neighborhood.

It is our understanding that Terry has complied with all requirements and requests, and we believe his application should be approved. If we can offer any further support or answer any questions, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Very truly yours,

Betsey and Frank Kelton

1710 Condado Vista Court

Arroyo Grande, CA 93420

(805) 544-1023

Brian Pedrotti

County Commissioner Secretary County Government Center

1050 Monterey St. DRC2004-00090? San Luis Obispo, Ca

93408

County Commissioners,

This letter is to express my complete satisfaction with the Domaine Alfred Winery's new production facility located at 7525 Orcutt Rd. San Luis Obispo, Ca.

Being one of the closest neighbor's to the project I have an interest in the minimal impact to the neighborhood. Terry Speizer's dedication to this is very evident after reviewing his model's and plans for the new facility as well as his taking time to explain the different features which minimize adverse visual as well as environmental issues.

Mr. Speizer's project as well as his devotion to neighborhood concerns should be commended.

Sincerely,

Joel Schnackenberg 5830 Edna Ranch Circle San Luis Obispo, Ca. 93401

aluseklukere

805-784-0567

7.38

CFR 2 3 2005

SLO CO PLANNING & BLOQ

Ms. Pat Beck
Department of Planning and Building
San Luis Obispo County Government Center
San Luis Obispo, CA. 93408
20 February 2005

Dear Mrs. Beck:

I am writing to express concern that the County Building and Planning Department may allow Terry Speizer to violate an agreement (Resolution 99-445 dated 2 November 1999) negotiated between the Board of Supervisors, Mr. Speizer and neighborhoods surrounding Mr. Speizer's development at 7775 Orcutt Road.

I would hope that the county governing body would hold Mr. Speizer to the terms of the resolution. Mr. Speizer has applied for changes in the form of conditional use permits to keep an ag accessory building (built in error) and a change to the placement and type of wastewater treatment facility.

I feel the developer should adhere to the provision of the resolution that would keep the winery development within the acreage hidden by the hill. If changes are allowed, it seems that the two years of work by county staff, the supervisors and concerned neighbors to reach an agreement is all for nothing.

Sincerely, Sandy Copeland 1504 Tiffany Ranch Road Arroyo Grande, CA 93420

CC: Brian Pedrotti
Supervisor Katcho Achajadian

1.39

Fet. 20,2005

Ms. Pat Beck planning Dept, Brain Pedratti Dept. of Planning and Building Country Government Center S. L.O., Ca: 93408

2.000 <u>2.141-17</u> 2.2222

This letter is concerning the Speiger Winery

Directopment under construction at

7775 Oract Rd. In 1999 a development

plan was approved by the Country Board

of Supernesses refler two years of

regotiations between surrounding residents,

consumity backers, Katcho achodyian and

Mr. Speiger.

Mr. Speiger has applied for charges

to his permits to buildings, wastewater & wetlands

I strongly feel Mr. Apritzer Should ashere To the original deneiopment as all Opera.

Thonk yere, Charlette Freheig 1195 Tiffang Rouch Rt. Arrogo Grande, la: 93420

cc: Supernisor achadjian

Michael F. Cannon 1414 Tiffany Ranch Road Arroyo Grande, CA 93420 (805) 544-7407

February 9, 2005

Ms. Pat Beck (Assistant Head of Planning Department) Dept. of Planning and Building County Government Center San Luis Obispo, CA 93408 FEB 1 4 2005

SLO CO PLANNING & BLDG.

Mr. Katcho Achadjian Board of Supervisors County Government Center San Luis Obispo, CA 93408

RE: 7775 Orcutt Road-Speizer Winery Wastewater Treatment Facility

Dear Ms Beck, Mr. Achadjian,

It has been brought to my attention that the Speizer Winery applicants have recently applied for a wetlands type of wastewater treatment facility to be constructed on the southern portion of the parcel, unshielded from the view of existing residences. I also understand that this is a dramatic change from the original agreed upon location.

The facilities, if not properly designed and maintained, produce serious odor and vector problems. Please be fully advised that I, as homeowner located directly down wind from this facility would like to request that there be full community input on this decision and that I strongly oppose any changes to the original agreed upon location.

Thank you in advance for your attention to this matter.

Best regards,

Michael F. Cannon

MFC:lad

Control of the contro

4 2005

1621 Tiffany Ranch Road Arroyo Grande, CA 93401 SLO CO PLANNING & BLDG.

February 8, 2005

Mr. Brian Pedrotti Department of Planning and Building County Government Center San Luis Obispo, CA 93408

Dear Mr. Pedrotti:

I am writing to express my concern and outrage that the County Department of Planning and Building allowed Terry Speizer to violate his agreement with the area neighbors which was documented by Resolution Number 99-445, dated November 2, 1999. The Board of Supervisors and planning department well knew of the two years of meetings, discussions, appearances at the Board of Supervisors meetings, plus input from community leaders and agriculture people, to arrive at this resolution in 1999. The neighborhood surrounding Terry's development worked tirelessly to arrive at a compromise plan that was approved by the county.

As one of those who worked for hours and hours to learn about the project, inform neighbors, hold meetings in our home, and speak at many meetings of the Planning Commission and the Board of Supervisors meetings, I am outraged that Mr. Speizer would not keep his agreement. I would expect he would honor an approval given by the County Board of Supervisors. I would also expect the County would hold him to the agreement and require strict adherence to the Conditions of Approval for D970262D-Speizer.

The conditions are there in black and white. They are not puzzling, confusing or capable of being misunderstood. It is clear that Mr. Speizer chose to violate this agreement and that somehow the County Planning Department let it happen.

I feel it is the responsibility of the County to see that Mr. Speizer abide by this agreement in every detail. For Mr. Speizer to be able to build on and develop this parcel in violation of this Resolution would be a mockery of the planning department permitting process and a disservice to all the planners, the planning commission and the Board of Supervisors who worked long and hard for over two years to work out this agreement expressed in this Resolution 99-445.

I urge you to insist on this resolution being followed to the letter even it means tearing down buildings and incurring additional costs. Mr. Speizer knew that was he has done was not allowed in the approval given by the county. I urge the county not to approve a CUP that allows approval for something Mr. Speizer did in violation of Resolution 99-445 dated November 2, 1999.

Sincerely,

Onna Tleming Anna Fleming

Ronald S. & Carol R. Lyons

1550 Tiffany Ranch Road Arroyo Grande, California 93420 (805) 783-1550

742

January 31, 2005

Mr. Brian Pedrotti Dept. of Planning and Building County Government Center San Luis Obispo, CA 93408

Dear Mr. Pedrotti:

I am writing in regard to an application by Mr. Terry Speizer for conditional use permits for an ag accessory unit (which has been built illegally) and for a wastewater treatment facility on his winery property at 7775 Orcutt Road. As I am sure you know, Mr. Speizer's original application for his winery created considerable concern among a large number of surrounding property owners. As a result, negotiations were conducted and, with the assistance of Supervisor Achadjian, Mr. Don Talley, and other community leaders, an agreement was reached. It is my understanding that this agreement was then approved by the Board of Supervisors.

A tremendous amount of time and effort were expended by a large number of people in reaching this agreement. Now it seems Mr. Speizer is attempting an "end run" around the agreement. I can't say that I am surprised, because during the previous hearings, discussions, and negotiations, he was at times less than forthright. Further, he seemed to display an attitude that he was going to do what he wanted to do regardless of the impact on the neighborhood. This is contrary to the advice he received from Don Talley about the need to "be a good neighbor." Interestingly, it was this advice that seemed to break an impasse and led to the original agreement.

I am very much opposed to both the location of the ag accessory building and to the type and location of the wastewater treatment facility. I strongly urge that Mr. Speizer's application be denied, and that the agreement with the County be enforced with no modifications. To do otherwise would be an affront to the entire neighborhood as well as to the Board of Supervisors and the entire county planning and permit process.

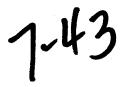
Thank you for your time in considering by concerns and objections.

Sincerely,

Ronald S. Lyons

FEB 0 1 2005

Planning & Bldg



January 28, 2005 Re: Speizer Winery Development

Ms. Pat Beck Dept. of Planning and Building County Government Center San Luis Obispo, CA 93408

Dear Ms. Beck,

Having met with you, Mr. Pedrotti, and Katcho Achadjian on several occasions and having attended the information meeting on January 11, 2005, I have concluded that there is no compelling reason to alter the development plan negotiated over two years and signed by the Board of Supervisors in November of 1999.

I feel the developer should adhere to the original intent of maintaining winery development within acreage hidden by a hill and easily landscaped and mitigated. I feel the ag accessory building, built without proper permits, should be removed and the wastewater treatment facility should be placed adjacent to the winery as originally designed. The pool type of wastewater treatment takes up less space, is easily protected from mosquito infestation, and insures that no pollutants will escape into the groundwater or the blueline creek located in the southern portion of the parcel.

Thank you very much for your efforts in finding a resolution to this matter.

Sincerely,

Andrea Brauninger

RECEIVED
FEB 0 1 2005
Planning & Bldg

SLO CNTY PLANNING/BUILDING DEPT

2004 DEC - 1 PM 2: 35

Ms. Pat Beck
Department of Planning and Building
San Luis Obispo County Government Center
San Luis Obispo, CA 93408
November 26, 2004

Dear Ms. Beck,

The Tiffany Ranch Association met on November 20, 2004. On our agenda was a discussion of the Speizer Winery Development. We have been told that Mr. Speizer has applied for conditional use permits to keep an ag accessory building and construct a wastewater treatment facility, both in the southern portion of his parcel. These structures are far from the agreed upon winery buildings and are in an area that was supposed to have been protected from development by our 1999 agreement. This violates the intent of the agreement negotiated by Mr. Speizer, the neighbors, and community leaders. The agreement was signed by the Board of Supervisors to prevent problems in the future. We strongly feel the developer should adhere to the original intent of maintaining winery development within acreage hidden by a hill and easily landscaped and mitigated. We therefore feel the ag accessory building, clearly visible offsite, should be removed and the wastewater treatment facility should be placed adjacent to the winery.

Sincerely,

Sandy Copeland, Secretary Tiffany Ranch Association

✓ Cc: Brian Pedrotti, Katcho Achadjian

Notice of Completion & Environmental Do	ocument Transmittal
UPS mailing: State Clearinghouse, 1400 Tenth St., Sacram U.S. Postal mailing: State Clearinghouse, P.O. Box 3044, Sac	
Project Title: Speizer Conditional Use Permit	ED 04-415
Lead Agency: County of San Luis Obispo Street Address: County Government Center, Rm 310 San Luis Obispo Zip: 93408-2040	Contact Person: <u>Brian Pedrotti</u> Telephone: <u>805/781-5600</u>
Cross Streets: Orcutt Road and Tiffany Ranch Road Zip Code Assessor's Parcel Number: 044-231-045 Section: NA Within 2 miles: State Hwy. #: 227 Waterways:	nmunity: <u>Arroyo Grande</u> e: 93420 Total Acres: 62.92 acres Twp: <u>NA</u> Range: <u>NA</u> Base: <u>NA</u> Airports: <u>NA</u> ar Unified School District.
Document Type CEQA: NOP Supplement/Subsequent Early Cons EIR (Prior SCH No.) Neg Dec Other Draft EIR	NEPA: NOI Other: Joint Document EA Final Document Draft EIS Other FONSI
Local Action Type General Plan Update General Plan Amendment General Plan Element Community Plan Local Action Type Specific Plan Master Plan Planned Unit Developr Site Plan	Rezone
Development Type ☐ Residential: Units NA _ Acres NA _ Employees NA _ Employees NA _ Employees NA _ Educational: ☐ Office: Sq.ft NA _ Acres 62.92	Water Facilities Type. NA MGD. NA Transportation: Type. NA Mineral. NA Mining: Mineral. NA Power: Type. NA Watts. NA Waste Treatment: Type. NA Hazardous Waste: Type. NA OCS-related: Type. NA
Funding (approx.): NA Federal \$	State \$ Total \$
Project Issues Discussed in Document ☐ Aesthetic/Visual ☐ Flood Plain/Flooding ☐ Agricultural Land ☐ Forest Land/Fire Hazard ☐ Air Quality ☐ Geologic/Seismic ☐ Archeological/Historical ☐ Minerals ☐ Coastal Zone ☐ Noise ☐ Drainage/Absorption ☐ Population/Housing Balance ☐ Economic/Jobs ☐ Public Services/Facilities ☐ Fiscal ☐ Recreation/Parks	Schools/Universities
Present Land Use/Zoning/General Plan Designations	: Agriculture /

Project Description: Request by Terry Speizer for a Conditional Use Permit to allow an agricultural accessory building and constructed wetlands (alternative winery processing wastewater facility). This CUP would amend the previously approved permit (D970262D) approved in 1999, which included construction of a winery building and associated uses. This is a revised Negative Declaration in accordance with the direction of the Planning Commission to staff on May 26, 2005 to review potential impacts to surface water and wetlands. The project will result in the disturbance of approximately 4.5 acres of a 62.92-acre parcel. The proposed project is within the Agriculture land use category and is located at 7527 Orcutt Road, approximately 1,300 feet north of Tiffany Ranch Road and approximately 3.5 miles north of the City of Arroyo Grande. The site is in the San Luis Bay (Inland) planning area.

Revi	ewing Agencies Checklist	1.		KEY			
	1,4	10		S = Document sent by lead agency X = Document sent by SCH SD = Suggested distribution			
	Resources Agency (CD)	State &	Consumer Services				
	Boating & Waterways	-	General Services				
	Coastal Commission		OLA (Schools) (CD)				
	Coastal Conservancy						
	Colorado River Board	Enviro	nmental Protection Ag	gency			
	Conservation (CD)		Air Resources Board ((CD)			
	Fish & Game		California Waste Man	agement Board			
	Forestry & Fire Protection		SWRCB: Clean Water	r Grants			
	Office of Historic Preservation		SWRCB: Delta Unit				
	Parks & Recreation (CD)	SD	SWRCB: Water Qual	ity			
	Reclamation Board		SWRCB: Water Right	ts			
	S.F. Bay Conservation & Development Commission		Regional WQCB#	(Central Coast Region)			
	Water Resources (DWR)	Youth	& Adult Corrections				
Busine	ss, Transportation & Housing		Corrections				
	Aeronautics (CD)	Indepe	ndent Commissions &	Offices			
	California Highway Patrol	Energy Commission Native American Heritage Commission Public Utilities Commission Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy					
	CALTRANS District #5 (CD)						
	Department of Transportation Planning(headquarters) (CD)						
	Housing & Community Development (CD)						
	Food & Agriculture (CD)		State Lands Commiss	sion			
Health	& Welfare		Tahoe Regional Plans	ning Agency			
	Health Services	OTHER					
Public	Review Period (to be filled in by lead agency)						
Starting	g Date <u>11/01/04</u> Ending Date <u>12</u>	2/01/04					
Signatu	nre Date						
Lead A	agency (Complete if applicable): County of San Luis Obispo	For S	CH Use Only:				
Consul	ting Firm:	Date F	Received at SCH				
Firm's	Address:		Review Starts				
City/St	ate/Zip:	Date to Agencies					
Contact:			Date to SCH				
Phone:			ince Date				
Applic	ant:	Notes;					
Addres	s:						
City/St	ate/Zip:						
Phone:							



7-47 COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO

ENVIRONMENTAL DETERMINATION NO. ED04-415

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY (BP)

DATE:

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION & NOTICE OF DETERMINATION

PROJECT/ENTITI	LEMENT: Speizer Conditional Us	se Permit	DRC2004-0009	90
APPLICANT NAM ADDRES CONTACT PERS	SS: 7527 Orcutt Road, San L		o, CA, 93401	Telephone: 541-5604
agricultura facility). T which inclu Declaration review pote	ES/INTENT: Request by Terry accessory building and constructed his CUP would amend the previous ded construction of a winery build in accordance with the direction cential impacts to surface water and tely 4.5 acres of a 62.92-acre pare	ed wetland usly appro ding and a of the Pland d wetlands	ls (alternative win oved permit (D97 ssociated uses. ning Commission	ery processing wastewater 0262D) approved in 1999, This is a revised Negative to staff on May 26, 2005 to
Ranch Roa	proposed project is located at 752 ad and approximately 3.5 miles no nland) planning area.			
LEAD AGENCY:	County of San Luis Obispo County Government Center San Luis Obispo, CA 93408	r, Rm. 310		& Building
OTHER POTENT	AL PERMITTING AGENCIES: N	lone		
	ORMATION: Additional information y contacting the above Lead Age			
COUNTY "REQU	EST FOR REVIEW" PERIOD EN	DS AT		5 p.m. on
30-DAY PUBLIC	REVIEW PERIOD begins at the	time of pu	blic notification	1
Notice of Determ	nination		State Cleari	nghouse No
☐ Responsible Agency	ne San Luis Obispo County approved/denied the above des terminations regarding the above	scribed pro	ject on	Lead Agency , and has
this project pur approval of the	not have a significant effect on the suant to the provisions of CEQA. project. A Statement of Overridinate pursuant to the provisions of	Mitigation ng Conside	measures were	made a condition of the
This is to certify that the available to the General	e Negative Declaration with comr al Public at:	ments and	responses and r	ecord of project approval is
	Department of Planning and Build nty Government Center, Room 31			
	Brian Pedrotti			County of San Luis Obispo
Signature	Project Manager Name	Date		Public Agency

California Department of Fish and Game **CERTIFICATE OF FEE EXEMPTION**

De Minimis Impact Finding

PROJE	CCT TITLE & NU 00090	MBER: Speizer Conditional Use Permit ED04-415; DRC2004-
J	Applicant Name: Address: State, Zip Code: Telephone #:	Terry Speizer 9000 Huasna Road 7527 Orcutt Road, San Luis Obispo, CA, 93401 805-541-5604
PROJE	CCT DESCRIPTION	ON/LOCATION: See attached Notice of Determination
FINDI	NGS OF EXEMP	ΓΙΟΝ:
		e this agency that the proposed project has the potential for adverse s for one or more of the following reason(s):
	The project is locat wildlife resources of	ed in an urbanized area that does not contain substantial fish or or their habitat.
` '	The project is locat wildlife resources of	ed in a highly disturbed area that does not contain substantial fish or or their habitat.
` '	The project is of a significant wildlife	limited size and scope and is not located in close proximity to habitat.
		ng fees have/will be collected at the time of issuance of other County project. Reference Document Name and No
()	Other:	
CERTI	IFICATION:	
upon th	e initial study and t	t the lead agency has made the above findings of fact and that, based the hearing record, the project will not individually or cumulatively wildlife resources, as defined in Section 711.2 of the Fish and Game
		Ellen Carroll. Environmental Coordinator

County of San Luis Obispo

Date: _____



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO INITIAL STUDY SUMMARY - ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

Project Title & No. Speizer Conditional Use Permit ED04- 415 (DRC2004-00090)

"Potent	tially Significant Impact" to the attached pages for c	for at least one of the environme	The proposed project could have a ntal factors checked below. Please or project revisions to either reduce y.
⊠ Air (icultural Resources	 ☐ Geology and Soils ☐ Hazards/Hazardous Materials ☐ Noise ☐ Population/Housing ☐ Public Services/Utilities 	Recreation Transportation/Circulation Wastewater Water Land Use
DETE	RMINATION: (To be com	pleted by the Lead Agency)	
On the	hasis of this initial evalua	ation, the Environmental Coordina	tor finds that:
<u>On the</u>	Dasis of this initial evalue	ation, the Environmental Goordina	to mas trat.
	The proposed project of NEGATIVE DECLARAT		effect on the environment, and a
	be a significant effect in	n this case because revisions in	ect on the environment, there will not the project have been made by or NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be
		MAY have a significant effe ACT REPORT is required.	ect on the environment, and an
	unless mitigated" impact analyzed in an earlier addressed by mitigation	et on the environment, but at least document pursuant to applicable n measures based on the earlied IENTAL IMPACT REPORT is re-	ant impact" or "potentially significant one effect 1) has been adequately e legal standards, and 2) has been analysis as described on attached quired, but it must analyze only the
	potentially significant of NEGATIVE DECLARAT mitigated pursuant to the mitigation measures that	effects (a) have been analyzed TION pursuant to applicable stand hat earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DE	ffect on the environment, because all adequately in an earlier EIR or dards, and (b) have been avoided or ECLARATION, including revisions or project, nothing further is required.
	Pedrotti	Signature	8/3/o5 Date
b	red by (Print) n Va / wed by (Print)	A LOO Ellen	Carroll, onmental Coordinator \$\sqrt{3}\overline{0}{0}\text{Date}
I (GAIC)	wed by (1 fint)	Oignature	(ioi) Jaic



Project Environmental Analysis

The County's environmental review process incorporates all of the requirements for completing the Initial Study as required by the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and the CEQA Guidelines. The Initial Study includes staff's on-site inspection of the project site and surroundings and a detailed review of the information in the file for the project. In addition, available background information is reviewed for each project. Relevant information regarding soil types and characteristics, geologic information, significant vegetation and/or wildlife resources, water availability, wastewater disposal services, existing land uses and surrounding land use categories and other information relevant to the environmental review process are evaluated for each project. Exhibit A includes the references used, as well as the agencies or groups that were contacted as a part of the Initial Study. The Environmental Division uses the checklist to summarize the results of the research accomplished during the initial environmental review of the project.

Persons, agencies or organizations interested in obtaining more information regarding the environmental review process for a project should contact the County of San Luis Obispo Environmental Division, Rm. 310, County Government Center, San Luis Obispo, CA, 93408-2040 or call (805) 781-5600.

A. PROJECT

DESCRIPTION: Request by Terry Speizer for a Conditional Use Permit to allow an agricultural accessory building and constructed wetlands (alternative winery processing wastewater facility). This CUP would amend the previously approved permit (D970262D) approved in 1999, which included construction of a winery building and associated uses. This is a revised Negative Declaration in accordance with the direction of the Planning Commission to staff on May 26, 2005 to review potential impacts to surface water and wetlands. The project will result in the disturbance of approximately 4.5 acres of a 62.92-acre parcel. The proposed project is within the Agriculture land use category and is located at 7527 Orcutt Road, approximately 1,300 feet north of Tiffany Ranch Road and approximately 3.5 miles north of the City of Arroyo Grande. The site is in the San Luis Bay (Inland) planning area.

BACKGROUND: A development plan (D970262D) for the winery facility was approved by the Board of Supervisors on appeal from the Planning Commission in 1999. Following discussions from concerned property owners in the vicinity, the original development plan was approved with conditions restricting the location of the winery facility, wastewater ponds, and accessory buildings to the northeast portion of the site such that visual impacts would be buffered by the site's topography. The conditions included a prohibition on all structures, including agricultural accessory structures, without Development Plan approval. A permit was erroneously issued for the agricultural barn in the southwest/central portion of the site outside of the original approval location. The County was made aware of the situation, and notified the applicant that the illegal agricultural accessory building would require approval of a Conditional Use Permit.

ASSESSOR PARCEL NUMBER(S): 044-231-045 SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT # 4

B. EXISTING SETTING

PLANNING AREA: San Luis Obispo, Rural

LAND USE CATEGORY: Agriculture

COMBINING DESIGNATION(S): Flood Hazard

EXISTING USES: Agricultural uses, winery under construction

TOPOGRAPHY:

Nearly level

VEGETATION:

Grasses, vineyards, rowcrops

PARCEL SIZE:

62.92 acres

SURROUNDING LAND USE CATEGORIES AND USES:

North: Agriculture; agricultural uses	East: Agriculture; agricultural uses
South: Residential Rural; residential, agricultural uses	West: Agriculture; agricultural uses

C. ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS

During the Initial Study process, several issues were identified as having potentially significant environmental effects (see following Initial Study). Those potentially significant items associated with the proposed uses can be minimized to less than significant levels.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

1.	AESTHETICS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Create an aesthetically incompatible site open to public view?		\boxtimes		
b)	Introduce a use within a scenic view open to public view?		\boxtimes		
c)	Change the visual character of an area?		\boxtimes		
d)	Create glare or night lighting, which may affect surrounding areas?		\boxtimes		
e)	Impact unique geological or physical features?				
f)	Other:				

Setting. The proposed project site is located on the west side of Orcutt Road. The site consists of rolling hills with vineyards, row crops, and grasses, and a winery building under construction closer to Orcutt Road. The agricultural accessory building erroneously received a construction permit from the County, and is part of the CUP request. The area is characterized by agricultural uses and rural residences, as well as cluster residential subdivisions on Orcutt Road.

Impact. The original development plan approval (D970262D) included conditions that restricted the location of the winery facility, wastewater ponds, and accessory buildings to the northeast portion of the site such that visual impacts would be buffered by the site's topography. The conditions also included a prohibition on all structures, including agricultural accessory structures, without Development Plan approval. A permit was erroneously issued for the agricultural barn in the southwest/central portion of the site outside of the original approval location.



The existing site of the agricultural accessory building will have minimal impacts to views from Orcutt Road. However, this facility will be visible from adjacent properties to the north, south and west. The height of the building is approximately 20 feet and has an area of 3,000 square feet (75' x 40').

Mitigation/Conclusion. To minimize visual impacts of the agricultural accessory structure on adjacent properties, mitigation measures have been incorporated to enhance its compatibility with the surrounding environment. The applicant has included a screening/planting plan for the agricultural accessory structure that provides fast-growing trees and shrubs as a visual barrier from adjacent properties. A lighting plan will be required to ensure that lighting and glare impacts are minimized through the use of shields. Further, all future structures including agricultural accessory structures are prohibited on the site without Conditional Use Permit approval per the original conditions of approval. Implementation of these measures would mitigate potential visual impacts to less than significant.

2.	- Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Applicable	
a)	Convert prime agricultural land to non-agricultural use?					
b)	Impair agricultural use of other property or result in conversion to other uses?					
c)	Conflict with existing zoning or Williamson Act program?					
d)	Other:					
(9	Setting. The soil types include: (inland) (% slope) (% slope) (% slope) (coastal) (% slope) Tierra loam (9-15%) Salinas silty clay loam(0-2%) Chamise shaly loam ((15-30%) Marimel sandy clay loam (n/a)					
	described in the NRCS Soil Survey, the "n class is "not applicable" to "IV"	on-irrigated" so	oil class is "II	l" to "VI", and t	he "irrigated	
The	e project site supports approximately 23 acre	es of vineyards	s. A winery is	under construc	tion within a	

Impact. The proposed project was referred to the County Department of Agriculture for review. In response, the Department determined the proposed project would not result in a significant impact to agricultural resources because relocation of the agriculture accessory building and the constructed wetland would result in similar impacts to agricultural resources as the original proposal. The Department also determined that the accessory structure and constructed wetlands would not have a land use impact on adjacent agricultural lands.

designated building envelope located on prime soils. The agricultural accessory structure is also located on soils classified as prime soils; however, crop production in the area of the accessory

Mitigation/Conclusion. No mitigation measures are necessary.

structure may be compromised due to drainage issues.

3.	AIR QUALITY - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	•	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
			mnugateu		

			7		
3.	AIR QUALITY - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Violate any state or federal ambient air quality standard, or exceed air quality emission thresholds as established by County Air Pollution Control District?				
b)	Expose any sensitive receptor to substantial air pollutant concentrations?				
c)	Create or subject individuals to objectionable odors?				
d)	Be inconsistent with the District's Clean Air Plan?			\boxtimes	

7.52

Setting. In the past, the State Air Resources Board (ARB) designated San Luis Obispo County a non-attainment area for exceeding the State's air quality standards set for ozone and dust (small particulate matter or PM10). Recently, the State ARB determined that the county was in attainment for ozone, however, the County remains in non-attainment for PM10 levels. Based on the latest air monitoring station information (per the County's RMS annual report, 2003), the trend in air quality in the general area is improving. The Air Pollution Control District (APCD) estimates that automobiles currently generate about 40% of the pollutants responsible for ozone formation. Nitrous oxides (NOx) and reactive organic gasses (ROG) pollutants (vehicle emission components) are common contributors towards this chemical transformation into ozone. Dust, or particulate matter less than ten microns (PM10) that become airborne and which find their way into the lower atmosphere, can act as the catalyst in this chemical transformation to harmful ozone. In part, the land use controls currently in place for new development relating to ROG and NOx (i.e., application of the CEQA Air Quality Handbook) have helped reduce the formation of ozone.

Other: Fugitive Dust

e)

Impact. Approximately 4.5 acres of site disturbance would occur during grading activities for the construction of the project, access roads, drainage improvements, and utility installation. These activities would result in both short-term vehicle emissions and the creation of dust during construction.

<u>Fugitive Dust (PM10).</u> Implementation of the proposed project would result in the generation of dust, potentially affecting adjacent residences, resulting in a nuisance.

<u>Asbestos.</u> Asbestos is considered a toxic air contaminant by the State Air Resources Board. If naturally occurring asbestos is present within the soil underlying the project site, future grading and site disturbance activities would release the asbestos into the air, resulting in a potentially significant air quality impact. If asbestos is present in existing buildings proposed for demolition or utility pipelines proposed to be removed or relocated, a potentially significant air quality impact could occur in the event asbestos containing material is not properly handled and disposed of. No structures are present on the project site and no underground pipes are proposed to be moved. No impacts as a result of asbestos emissions are anticipated.



Mitigation/Conclusion.

<u>Fugitive Dust (PM10)</u>. To minimize nuisance dust impacts, the applicant is required to implement APCD fugitive dust mitigation measures including the use of water trucks or sprinkler systems to water down airborne dust, limited vehicle speeds (15 miles/hour), and completion of paving and building pads as soon as possible after grading (refer to Exhibit B for a full list of mitigation measures).

Implementation of the mitigation measures described above and listed in Exhibit B would mitigate all identified air quality impacts to levels of insignificance.

4.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES -	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
	Will the project:	9	mitigated		
a)	Result in a loss of unique or special status species or their habitats?			\boxtimes	
b)	Reduce the extent, diversity or quality of native or other important vegetation?				
c)	Impact wetland or riparian habitat?			\boxtimes	
d)	Introduce barriers to movement of resident or migratory fish or wildlife species, or factors, which could hinder the normal activities of wildlife?				
e)	Other:				
lates	ing. The following habitats were observed the California Diversity database and other b tats were identified:				Based on the s or sensitive

Plants: None

Wildlife: Located about 1.25 miles west are Southwestern Pond Turtle (Clemmys marmorata

pallida).

Habitats: Located with .10 miles of parcel are potential Clarkia habitats.

Impact. The project is located in an area that has been cultivated for a number of years. The addition of an accessory structure and constructed wetlands should not result in direct substantial impacts to biological resources. The California Diversity database indicates occurrences of several rare plants and animals within the region, however, no known occurrences are shown on the site or on immediately adjacent sites. Based on the highly disturbed condition of the project site, it is unlikely that any of these plants would be impacted by the project.

At the May 26, 2005 Planning Commission hearing, public comment indicated that the project could have potential impacts to wetland areas on the property. Following additional site visits to the property, staff determined that no wetlands are present in the vicinity of the project based on visual inspections revealing a lack of associated vegetation and soil moisture. Further, the applicant has proposed to locate the winery processing wastewater facility in the location approved through the original development plan.



Mitigation/Conclusion. No significant biological impacts are expected to occur, and no mitigation measures are necessary.

5.	CULTURAL RESOURCES - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Disturb pre-historic resources?			\boxtimes	
b)	Disturb historic resources?			\boxtimes	
c)	Disturb paleontological resources?			\boxtimes	
d)	Other:				
	ing. The project is located in an area hiric structures are present and no paleontol				
of ph	act. The project is not located in an area the sysical features typically associated with proted on the property. Impacts to historical	ehistoric occup	oation. No evi	dence of cultur	al materials
_	gation/Conclusion. No significant cultura ation measures are necessary.	al resource ir	mpacts are e	xpected to occ	cur and no
6.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	lmpact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Result in exposure to or production of unstable earth conditions, such as landslides, earthquakes, liquefaction, ground failure, land subsidence or other similar hazards?				
b)	Be within a CA Dept. of Mines & Geology Earthquake Fault Zone (formerly Alquist-Priolo)?			\boxtimes	
c)	Result in soil erosion, topographic changes, loss of topsoil or unstable soil conditions from project-related improvements, such as vegetation removal, grading, excavation, or fill?				
d)	Change rates of soil absorption, or amount or direction of surface runoff?				
e)	Include structures located on expansive soils?			\boxtimes	

1.56

6.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
f)	Change the drainage patterns where substantial on- or off-site sedimentation/ erosion or flooding may occur?				
g)	Involve activities within the 100-year flood zone?			\boxtimes	
h)	Be inconsistent with the goals and policies of the County's Safety Element relating to Geologic and Seismic Hazards?				
i)	Preclude the future extraction of valuable mineral resources?			\boxtimes	
j)	Other:				
development is outside of the Geologic Study Area designation. The landslide risk potential is considered low to moderate. The liquefaction potential during a ground-shaking event is considered moderate to high. Active faulting is known to exist on or near the subject property (within 1 mile both north and south of property). The project is not within a known area containing serpentine or ultramafic rock or soils. DRAINAGE – The area proposed for development is within the 100-year Flood Hazard designation. The closest creek (un-named tributary) runs through the property. As described in the NRCS Soil Survey, the soil is considered well drained to poorly drained. For areas where drainage is identified as a potential issue, the LUO (Sec. 22.52.080) includes a provision to prepare a drainage plan to minimize potential drainage impacts. When required, this plan would need to address measures such as: constructing on-site retention or detention basins, or installing surface water flow dissipaters. This plan would also need to show that the increased surface runoff would have no more impacts than that caused by historic flows.					
Tierra	MENTATION AND EROSION - The soil to a loam (9-15%) Salinas silty clay loan y loam (n/a)	• •	nise shaly loa	•	coastal) Marimel
As described in the NRCS Soil Survey, the soil surface is considered to have moderate to high erodibility, and low to high shrink-swell characteristics.					
Impa	ct. As proposed, the project will result in	the disturbance	e of approxima	ately 4.5 acres.	
Mitigation/Conclusion. To mitigate for potential drainage impacts, the applicant has agreed to submit and implement a drainage plan pursuant to Section 22.52 of the County Land Use Ordinance. Implementation of this plan would reduce potential impacts to less than significant.					
7.	HAZARDS & HAZARDOUS	Potentially	Impact can	Insignificant	Not

Significant

& will be

mitigated

Impact

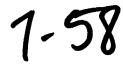
MATERIALS - Will the project:

Applicable

7.	HAZARDS & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Applicable	
a)	Result in a risk of explosion or release of hazardous substances (e.g. oil, pesticides, chemicals, radiation) or exposure of people to hazardous substances?					
b)	Interfere with an emergency response or evacuation plan?			\boxtimes		
<i>c</i>)	Expose people to safety risk associated with airport flight pattern?			\boxtimes		
d)	Increase fire hazard risk or expose people or structures to high fire hazard conditions?					
e)	Create any other health hazard or potential hazard?			\boxtimes		
f)	Other:	_				
Setting. The project is not located in an area of known hazardous material contamination. The project is not within a high severity risk area for fire. The project is not within the Airport Review area. Impact. The project does not propose the use of hazardous materials. The project does not present a significant fire safety risk. The project is not expected to conflict with any regional evacuation plan.						
	gation/Conclusion. No significant impacipated, and no mitigation measures are ne		of hazards or	hazardous m	aterials are	
8.	NOISE - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable	
a)	Expose people to noise levels that exceed the County Noise Element thresholds?			\boxtimes		
b)	Generate increases in the ambient noise levels for adjoining areas?		\boxtimes			
c)	Expose people to severe noise or			\boxtimes		

Setting. The proposed project site is located within the vicinity of numerous rural residences. The

d)



topography between the structure and these lots is gently sloping.

Impact/Mitigation. In order to evaluate potential noise impacts from the operation of the winery facility currently under construction, a noise study was conducted for the original project. The original approval included noise reduction mitigation measures, including placement of compressors on the west side of the building away from the residences, and limiting the operation of all outside activities at the winery to between the hours of 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. which are defined by the County Noise Element as the daytime hours. Additional mitigation has been identified for the agricultural accessory structure and constructed wetlands, including closing of roll-up doors and limiting the noise levels at the property line.

9.	POPULATION/HOUSING - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Induce substantial growth in an area either directly or indirectly (e.g., through projects in an undeveloped area or extension of major infrastructure)?				
b)	Displace existing housing or people, requiring construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
c)	Create the need for substantial new housing in the area?			\boxtimes	
d)	Use substantial amount of fuel or energy?			\boxtimes	
e)	Other:				

Setting. The County has recently adopted a revised Housing Element. One of the new Housing Element Programs (Program HE 1.9) indicates that the County will prepare an Inclusionary Housing Ordinance during 2005. Upon adoption of the ordinance, future commercial development may be required to pay a fee to support development of new affordable housing.

Impact. The project will not result in a need for a significant amount of new housing, and will not displace existing housing.

Mitigation/Conclusion. No significant population and housing impacts are anticipated, and no mitigation measures are necessary.

10. PUBLIC SERVICES/UTILITIES - Potentially Impact can & Insignificant Not Significant or result in the need for new or altered public services in any of the following areas:

7.59

		•			
10.	PUBLIC SERVICES/UTILITIES - Will the project have an effect upon, or result in the need for new or altered public services in any of the following areas:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Fire protection?		\boxtimes		
b)	Police protection (e.g., Sheriff, CHP)?				
c)	Schools?				
d)	Roads?				
e)	Solid Wastes?			\boxtimes	
f)	Other public facilities?			\boxtimes	
g)	Other:				
Setting. The project area is served by the County Sheriff's Department and CDF/County Fire as the primary emergency responders. The closest CDF fire station (SLO Airport) is approximately 5 miles to the north. The closest Sheriff substation is in Oceano, which is approximately 10 miles from the proposed project. The project is located in the Lucia Mar Unified School District. Impact. The project direct and cumulative impacts are within the general assumptions of allowed use for the subject property that was used to estimate the fees in place.					
fee p	nation/Conclusion. Public facility (county programs have been adopted to address ce the impacts to less than significant levels	the project's			
11.	RECREATION - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Increase the use or demand for parks or other recreation opportunities?			\boxtimes	
b)	Affect the access to trails, parks or other recreation opportunities?			\boxtimes	
c)	Other				
Setting. The County Trails Plan shows that a potential trail does not go through the proposed project. The project is not proposed in a location that will affect any trail, park or other recreational resource.					
•	act . The proposed project will not create urces.	a significant	need for addi	tional park or r	ecreational
Mitigation/Conclusion . No significant recreation impacts are anticipated, and no mitigation measures are necessary.					

12.	TRANSPORTATION/ CIRCULATION - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Increase vehicle trips to local or areawide circulation system?			\boxtimes	
b)	Reduce existing "Levels of Service" on public roadway(s)?			\boxtimes	
c)	Create unsafe conditions on public roadways (e.g., limited access, design features, sight distance, slow vehicles)?				
d)	Provide for adequate emergency access?				
e)	Result in inadequate parking capacity?			\boxtimes	
f)	Result in inadequate internal traffic circulation?			\boxtimes	
g)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., pedestrian access, bus turnouts, bicycle racks, etc.)?				
h)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns that may result in substantial safety risks?				
i)	Other:				

Setting. Future development will access onto the following public road(s): Orcutt Road. The identified roadway is operating at acceptable levels. Referrals were sent to Public Works/Caltrans. No significant traffic-related concerns were identified.

Impact. The proposed agricultural accessory building and constructed wetlands are not estimated to generate additional trips per day above and beyond the anticipated traffic levels evaluated with the overall winery facility. The constructed wetlands represent a different method of processing wastewater than the wastewater pond proposed with the original project, and the agricultural accessory building will support the existing agricultural operations.

Mitigation/Conclusion. No significant traffic impacts were identified, and no mitigation measures are necessary.

13. WASTEWATER - Will the project:

Potentially Impact can Insignificant Not Significant & will be Impact Applicable mitigated

13.	WASTEWATER - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Violate waste discharge requirements or Central Coast Basin Plan criteria for wastewater systems?				
b)	Change the quality of surface or ground water (e.g., nitrogen-loading, daylighting)?				
c)	Adversely affect community wastewater service provider?			\boxtimes	
d)	Other:				

Setting. An on-site septic system is currently in place on the site. As described in the NRCS Soil Survey (se Geology section for soil types), the main limitations for on-site wastewater systems relates to: flooding. These limitations are summarized as follows:

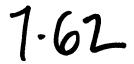
Flooding – this characteristic is applied when there is a temporary inundation in an area that is subject to overflowing streams, caused by surface runoff from adjacent slopes or by tides. "Occasional" flooding refers to the area being flooded on the average once or less every two years. "Frequent" flooding refers to the area being flooded on the average once or more every two years.

Impact. The original project was approved with conventional wastewater ponds to handle winery processing wastewater. The applicant has proposed an alternative winery processing wastewater facility (constructed wetland) that will include surface and subsurface treatment of process wastewater, and has prepared a report for the Regional Water Quality Control Board detailing this facility (Wallace Swanson, December 2004). The proposed treatment system will consist of several treatment steps, including an initial screening of solids, a 7,000 gallon septic tank for settling, a subsurface treatment constructed wetland, and an evaporative constructed wetland. The subsurface treatment constructed wetland is proposed to be 100 feet long, 28 feet wide, and 3 feet deep, with a vinyl liner and washed pea gravel or river rock. The bed will be planted with hydrophytic plants that provide the wastewater treatment. The evaporative constructed wetland, which is 108 feet by 100 feet, is proposed to eliminate treated wastewater via evapotranspiration and percolation. Finally, solid wastes from the initial screening process will be composted and returned to the surrounding soils.

A blue-line creek runs through the property on the south side of the project site. Impacts from conventional on-site septic systems and open ponds were evaluated in the adopted Negative Declaration for the original approved project. No additional impacts to the creek are anticipated with the proposed alternative constructed wetland. The project proposes a vinyl liner for the constructed wetland, and a slow percolation rate of 6 inches per month for the evaporative pond through microbial mats. The applicant will provide berming and drainage so that no stormwater flow will fall into the system.

The applicant has also stated that subsurface flow conditions will be maintained at all times, thereby eliminating the breeding opportunities for mosquitos. Aeration will also be used, as well as mosquito fish to control mosquito populations.

Mitigation/Conclusion. The applicant will be subject to a planning and permitting through the Notice of Intent to Comply and monitoring of the constructed wetland facility by the California Regional Water



Quality Control Board. To ensure no significant impacts to the nearby creek, the applicant has agreed to include vinyl lining under the constructed wetland, slow percolation rates through use of microbial mats, and directing stormwater drainage around the system. The applicant has also agreed to maintain surface flows on the ponds, and include aeration and mosquito fish to minimize mosquito populations.

14.	WATER - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Violate any water quality standards?				
b)	Discharge into surface waters or otherwise alter surface water quality (e.g., turbidity, temperature, dissolved oxygen, etc.)?				
c)	Change the quality of groundwater (e.g., saltwater intrusion, nitrogenloading, etc.)?				
d)	Change the quantity or movement of available surface or ground water?				
e)	Adversely affect community water service provider?			\boxtimes	
f)	Other:				

Setting. The project proposes to use an existing on-site well as its water source. Based on available information, the proposed water source is not known to have any significant availability or quality problems.

The topography of the project is nearly level. The closest creek from the proposed development is approximately 100 feet away. As described in the NRCS Soil Survey, the soil surface is considered to have moderate to high erodibility.

Impact. As proposed, the project will result in the disturbance of approximately 4.5 acres. The proposed project will not result in additional water usage above and beyond the original approval.

<u>Water Quality.</u> A blue-line creek runs through the property on the south side of the project site. No additional impacts to the creek are anticipated with the proposed alternative constructed wetland. The project proposes a vinyl liner for the constructed wetland, and a slow percolation rate of 6 inches per month for the evaporative pond through microbial mats. The applicant will provide berming and drainage so that no stormwater flow will fall into the system.

The applicant has also stated that subsurface flow conditions will be maintained at all times, thereby eliminating the breeding opportunities for mosquitos. Aeration will also be used, as well as mosquito fish to control mosquito populations.

Mitigation/Conclusion. The applicant will be subject to a planning and permitting through the Notice of Intent to Comply and monitoring of the constructed wetland facility by the California Regional Water

Quality Control Board. To ensure no significant impacts to the nearby creek, the applicant has agreed to include vinyl lining under the constructed wetland, slow percolation rates through use of microbial mats, and directing stormwater drainage around the system. The applicant has also agreed to maintain surface flows on the ponds, and include aeration and mosquito fish to minimize mosquito populations. Standard drainage and erosion control measures will be required for the proposed project and will provide sufficient measures to adequately protect surface water quality.

15.	LAND USE - Will the project:	Inconsistent	Potentially Inconsistent	Consistent	Not Applicable
a)	Be potentially inconsistent with land use, policy/regulation (e.g., general plan [county land use element and ordinance], local coastal plan, specific plan, Clean Air Plan, etc.) adopted to avoid or mitigate for environmental effects?				
b)	Be potentially inconsistent with any habitat or community conservation plan?				
c)	Be potentially inconsistent with adopted agency environmental plans or policies with jurisdiction over the project?			\boxtimes	
d)	Be potentially incompatible with surrounding land uses?			\boxtimes	
e)	Other:				

Setting/Impact. Surrounding uses are identified on Page 2 of the Initial Study. The proposed project was reviewed for consistency with policy and/or regulatory documents relating to the environment and appropriate land use (e.g., County Land Use Ordinance, Local Coastal Plan, etc.). Referrals were sent to outside agencies to review for policy consistencies (e.g., CDF for Fire Code, APCD for Clean Air Plan, etc.). The project was found to be consistent with these documents (refer also to Exhibit A on reference documents used).

The project is not within or adjacent to a Habitat Conservation Plan area. The project is consistent or compatible with the surrounding uses as summarized on page 2 of this Initial Study.

Mitigation/Conclusion. No inconsistencies were identified and therefore no additional measures above what will already be required was determined necessary.

16. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF Potentially Impact can Insignificant Not Significant & will be Impact Applicable mitigated

a)	Have the potential to degrade the quasubstantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife population to drop be threaten to eliminate a plant or anim number or restrict the range of a rare or eliminate important examples of t	fish or wildlife spe flow self-sustaining al community, red e or endangered p	ecies, cause a g levels, uce the lant or anima		_
	California history or prehistory?			\boxtimes	
b)	Have impacts that are individually lin considerable? ("Cumulatively consi incremental effects of a project are of connection with the effects of past p current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)	iderable" means th considerable when	nat the viewed in	\boxtimes	
c)	Have environmental effects which wi adverse effects on human beings, eit indirectly?		al		
Co En	r further information on CEQA or the county's web site at "www.sloplanning.or vironmental Resources Evaluation Sidelines/" for information about the Californ	rg" under "Environ System at "http:/	mental Revie /ceres.ca.gov/	w", or the	California

7.65

Exhibit A - Initial Study References and Agency Contacts

The County Planning or Environmental Division have contacted various agencies for their comments on the proposed project. With respect to the subject application, the following have been contacted (marked with an \boxtimes) and when a response was made, it is either attached or in the application file:

<u>Cont</u>	acted Agency	Response
\boxtimes	County Public Works Department	Attached
\boxtimes	County Environmental Health Division	Attached
$\overline{\boxtimes}$	County Agricultural Commissioner's Office	e Attached
	County Airport Manager	Not Applicable
Ħ	Airport Land Use Commission	Not Applicable
\square	Air Pollution Control District	Attached
	County Sheriff's Department	Not Applicable
\square	Regional Water Quality Control Board	Attached
	CA Coastal Commission	Not Applicable
\mathbb{H}	CA Department of Fish and Game	Not Applicable
\bowtie	CA Department of Forestry	In File**
	CA Department of Transportation	Not Applicable
	Community Service District	Not Applicable
\boxtimes	Other City of San Luis Obispo	In File**
\boxtimes	Other County Parks & Recreation	In File**
	** "No comment" or "No concerns"-type respons	ses are usually not attached
	nation is available at the County Planning and Bu	reference into the Initial Study. The following uilding Department.
\boxtimes	Project File for the Subject Application	San Luis Bay (Inland) Area Plan
Cour	ty documents	and Update EIR
\mathbb{H}	Annual Passures Summary Panert	Other documents
\boxtimes	Annual Resource Summary Report Building and Construction Ordinance	Archaeological Resources Map
Ħ	Coastal Policies	Area of Critical Concerns Map
	Framework for Planning (Coastal & Inland)	Areas of Special Biological
\boxtimes	General Plan (Inland & Coastal), including all	Importance Map
	maps & elements; more pertinent elements	☐ California Natural Species Diversity
	considered include: Agriculture & Open Space Element	Database ⊠ Clean Air Plan
	Energy Element	Fire Hazard Severity Map
	Environment Plan (Conservation,	
	Historic and Esthetic Elements)	
	Housing Element	Service Soil Survey for SLO County
	Noise Element	Regional Transportation Plan
	☐ Parks & Recreation Element☐ Safety Element	☑ Uniform Fire Code☑ Water Quality Control Plan (Central
\square	Land Use Ordinance	Coast Basin – Region 3)
	Real Property Division Ordinance	GIS mapping layers (e.g., habitat,
	Trails Plan	streams, contours, etc.)

Other ____

Solid Waste Management Plan



In addition, the following project specific information and/or reference materials have been considered as a part of the Initial Study:

Wallace Swanson International. December 2004. Report for Waste Discharge Domaine Alfred Winery San Luis Obispo, CA.

Exhibit B - Mitigation Summary Table

Aesthetics

- VR-1 Within 60 days from final approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090, the applicant shall submit landscape, irrigation, landscape maintenance plans and specifications to the Department of Planning and Building for review and approval in consultation with the Environmental Coordinator. The landscape plan shall be prepared as provided in Section 22.04.186 of the San Luis Obispo County Land Use Ordinance and shall provide vegetation that will adequately screen the agricultural accessory building when viewed from adjacent properties. The landscape plan shall utilize only plant material consistent with Section 22.04.184 of the San Luis Obispo County Land use Ordinance. All landscaping plans shall contain a note, signed by a qualified individual (e.g., arborist, landscape architect/contractor, nurseryman), certifying that the plant materials specified in the plan are consistent with Section 22.04.184 of the San Luis Obispo County Land use Ordinance.
- VR-2 Within 60 days from approval of the submitted landscape, irrigation, and landscape maintenance plan, the applicant shall implement the proposed landscaping plan, as shown on the attached exhibit. In conjunction with the implementation of the landscaping plan, the applicant shall submit a letter, prepared by a qualified individual (e.g., arborist, landscape architect/contractor, nurseryman), to the Department of Planning and Building stating that the planting has been completed.
- VR-3 To guarantee the success of the landscaping, the applicant shall retain a qualified individual (e.g., arborist, landscape architect/ contractor, nurseryman) to monitor the new vegetation until successfully established, on an annual basis, for no less than three years. The first report shall be submitted to the County Environmental Coordinator one year after the initial planting and thereafter on an annual basis until the monitor, in consultation with the County, has determined that the newly planted vegetation is successfully established. The applicant, and successors-in-interest, agrees to complete any necessary remedial measures identified in the report and approved by the Environmental Coordinator.
- VR-4 Within 60 days from final approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090, a cost estimate for a planting plan, installation of landscaping, and maintenance of new landscaping for a period of three years shall be prepared by a qualified individual (e.g., landscape contractor), and shall be reviewed and approved by the County Department of Planning and Building. Within 60 days from final approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090, a performance bond, equal to the cost estimate, shall be posted by the applicant for a period of three years. Installation of the landscaping, as approved, shall be completed within 120 days of final approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090.
- VR-6 If after five years from initial planting, the landscape screening does not provide the amount of specified screening of the agricultural accessory building, exterior colors shall be changed so no colors seen from adjacent properties will have a color with a value or intensity greater than "6" as provided in the Munsell Book of Color. These colors shall blend with the surrounding natural environment.
- VR-7 Within 60 days from final approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090, the applicant shall submit an exterior lighting plan. The plan shall include the height, location, and intensity of all exterior lighting. All lighting fixtures shall be shielded so that neither the lamp nor the related reflector interior surface is visible from adjacent property. All lighting poles, fixtures, and hoods shall be dark colored. The approved plan shall be implemented prior to final inspection.

VR-8 All future structures including agricultural accessory structures are prohibited without Conditional Use Permit approval. Notice of any future application to alter or expand the approved use shall be sent to every property owner of Tiffany Ranch Road, Edna Ranch, Corbett Highlands, Varian Ranch, and all adjacent property owners.

Air Quality

- AQ-1 **During construction/ground disturbing activities**, the applicant shall implement the following particulate (dust) control measures. These measures shall be shown on the grading and building plans. In addition, the contractor or builder shall designate a person or persons to monitor the dust control program and to order increased watering, as necessary, to prevent transport of dust off site. Their duties shall include holiday and weekend periods when work may not be in progress. The name and telephone number of such persons shall be provided to the APCD prior to commencement of construction.
 - a. Reduce the amount of the disturbed area where possible;
 - b. Use of water trucks or sprinkler systems in sufficient quantities to prevent airborne dust from leaving the site. Increased watering frequency would be required whenever wind speeds exceed 15 mph. Reclaimed (nonpotable) water should be used whenever possible;
 - c. All dirt stock-pile areas should be sprayed daily as needed;
 - d. Permanent dust control measures identified in the approved project revegetation and landscape plans should be implemented as soon as possible following completion of any soil disturbing activities;
 - e. Exposed ground areas that are planned to be reworked at dates greater than one month after initial grading should be sown with a fast-germinating native grass seed and watered until vegetation is established;
 - f. All disturbed soil areas not subject to revegetation should be stabilized using approved chemical soil binders, jute netting, or other methods approved in advance by APCD;
 - g. All roadways, driveways, sidewalks, etc. to be paved should be completed as soon as possible. In addition, building pads should be laid as soon as possible after grading unless seeding or soil binders are used;
 - h. Vehicle speed for all construction vehicles shall not exceed 15 mph on any unpaved surface at the construction site;
 - All trucks hauling dirt, sand, soil, or other loose materials are to be covered or should maintain at least two feet of freeboard (minimum vertical distance between top of load and top of trailer) in accordance with CVC Section 23114.
 - j. Install wheel washers where vehicles enter and exit unpaved roads onto streets, or wash off trucks and equipment leaving the site.
 - k. Sweep streets at the end of each day if visible soil material is carried onto adjacent paved roads. Water sweepers with reclaimed water should be used where feasible.
- AQ-2 **During initial grading/scraping,** burning shall not be allowed, or if no alternative is available, the applicant shall obtain a burn permit from the APCD and County Fire/California Department of Forestry, and comply with all conditions required by these agencies.

Geology and Soils

GS-1 Within 60 days from final approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090, the applicant shall submit a drainage plan pursuant to Section 22.52 of the County Land Use Element. The plan shall include both temporary and permanent measures to retain soil onsite.

Noise

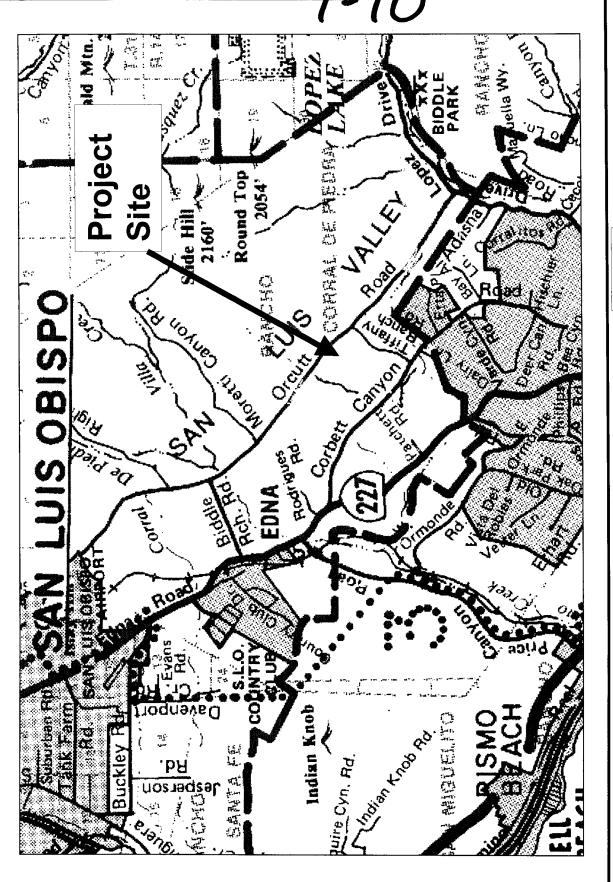
N-1 The project shall comply with the noise limits in the County Noise Element. From 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. (daytime), noise levels at the project property line shall not exceed an hourly average of 50 dB, with a maximum level of 70 dB, and a maximum impulsive noise level of 65 dB. From 10 p.m. to 7 a.m. (nighttime), noise levels at the project property line shall not exceed an hourly average of 45 dB, with a maximum level of 65 dB, and a maximum impulsive noise level of 60 dB. To help achieve and ensure compliance with these standards, the project shall do the following:

Roll-up doors shall be kept closed when noise-producing activities are being conducted inside the agricultural accessory building.

Wastewater

WW-1 Liquid waste generated by the winery operations must be discharged to a constructed wetland as shown on Exhibit 1 designed by a civil engineer and approved by the Regional Water Quality Control Board. Such system shall not create offensive odors or materially impair the quality of groundwater for domestic or agricultural use. The system will include near impermeable lining for the proposed ponds. The system will include maintenance of surface flows at all times, with additional aeration and planting of mosquito fish to control mosquito populations.

San Luis Obispo Department of Planning & Building



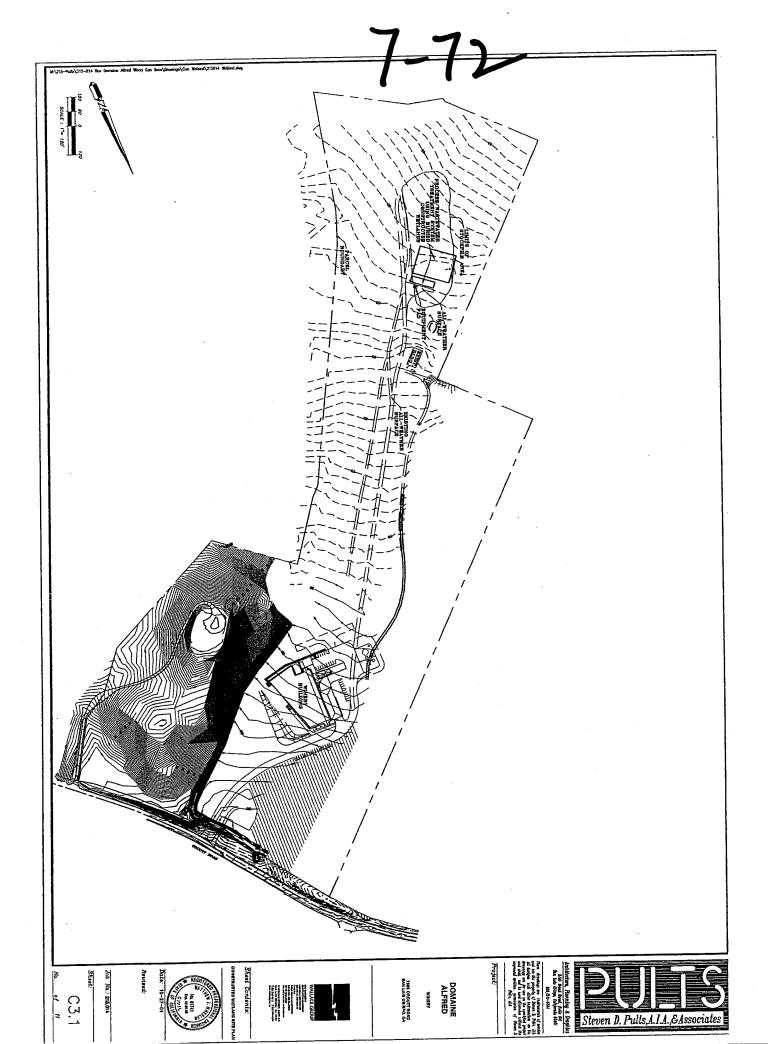
- Exhibit

Vicinity Map

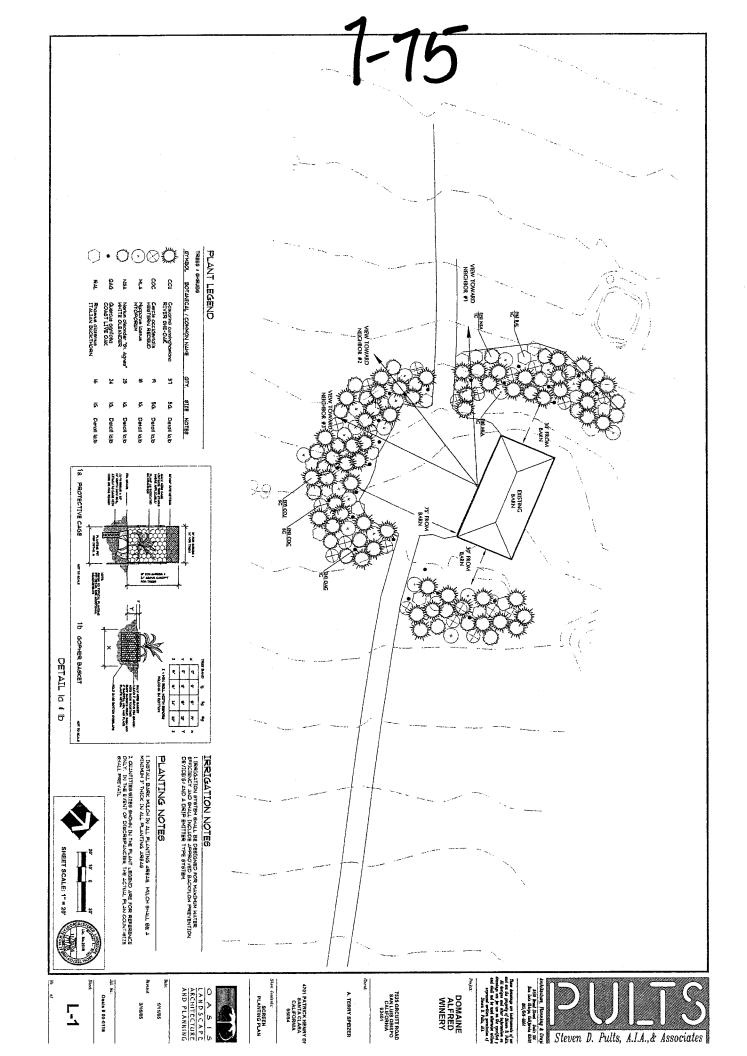
Speizer CUP DRC2004-00090

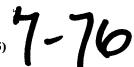
Project

E. BUTTON S F. PRICKLY PEA G. NIGHTSHADE H. SOFTCHESS I I. WATERCRESS Land Use Map Exhibit San Luis Obispo Department of Planning & Building **Speizer CUP DRC2004-00090** Project ثد



0 25 50 100
SCALES: Harborlal 1° = 50°
SCALES: Warlied 1° = 10 PROCESS WASTEWATER
TREATMENT SYSTEM SCHEMATIC 7828 ORGUTT ROAD SAN LUIG OBISPO, CA DOMAINE ALFRED WINERY Steven D. Pults, A.I.A., & Associates





DATE: April 24, 2005

DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT FOR SPEIZER CUP DRC2004-00090 ED 04-415

The applicant agrees to incorporate the following measures into the project. These measures become a part of the project description and therefore become a part of the record of action upon which the environmental determination is based. All development activity must occur in strict compliance with the following mitigation measures. These measures shall be perpetual and run with the land. These measures are binding on all successors in interest of the subject property.

Note: The items contained in the boxes labeled "Monitoring" describe the County procedures to be used to ensure compliance with the mitigation measures.

Aesthetics

1. Within 60 days from final approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090, the applicant shall submit landscape, irrigation, and landscape maintenance plans and specifications to the Department of Planning and Building for review and approval in consultation with the Environmental Coordinator. The landscape plan shall be prepared as provided in Section 22.04.186 of the San Luis Obispo County Land Use Ordinance and shall provide vegetation that will adequately screen the agricultural accessory building when viewed from adjacent properties. The landscape plan shall utilize only plant material consistent with Section 22.04.184 of the San Luis Obispo County Land use Ordinance. All landscaping plans shall contain a note, signed by a qualified individual (e.g., arborist, landscape architect/contractor, nurseryman), certifying that the plant materials specified in the plan are consistent with Section 22.04.184 of the San Luis Obispo County Land use Ordinance.

Monitoring: Compliance will be verified by the Department of Planning and Building, in consultation with the Environmental Coordinator.

2. Within 60 days from approval of the landscape, irrigation, and landscape maintenance plan, the applicant shall implement the proposed landscaping plan, as shown on the attached exhibit. In conjunction with the implementation of the landscaping plan, the applicant shall submit a letter, prepared by a qualified individual (e.g., arborist, landscape architect/contractor, nurseryman), to the Department of Planning and Building stating that the planting has been completed.

Monitoring: Building inspector will verify installation of landscaping in consultation with the Department of Planning and Building and the Environmental Coordinator.

3. To guarantee the success of the landscaping, the applicant shall retain a qualified individual (e.g., arborist, landscape architect/ contractor, nurseryman) to monitor the new vegetation until successfully established, on an annual basis, for no less than three years. The first report shall be submitted to the County Environmental Coordinator one year after the initial planting and thereafter on an annual basis until the monitor, in consultation with the County, has determined that the newly planted vegetation is successfully established. The applicant, and successors-in-interest, agrees to complete any necessary remedial measures identified in the report and approved by the Environmental Coordinator.

Monitoring: Compliance will be verified by the Environmental Coordinator.

4. Within 60 days from final approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090, a cost estimate for a planting plan, installation of landscaping, and maintenance of new landscaping for a period of three years shall be prepared by a qualified individual (e.g., landscape contractor), and shall be reviewed and approved by the County Department of Planning and Building. Within 60 days from final approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090, a performance bond, equal to the cost estimate, shall be posted by the applicant for a period of three years. Installation of the landscaping, as approved, shall be completed within 120 days of final approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090.

Monitoring: County will hold the bond.

5. If after five years from initial planting, the landscape screening does not provide the amount of specified screening of the agricultural accessory building, exterior colors shall be changed so no colors seen from adjacent properties will have a color with a value or intensity greater than "6" as provided in the Munsell Book of Color. These colors shall blend with the surrounding natural environment.

Monitoring: Department of Planning and Building shall verify performance of required landscaping elements, in consultation with the Environmental Coordinator.

6. Within 60 days from final approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090, the applicant shall submit an exterior lighting plan. The plan shall include the height, location, and intensity of all exterior lighting. All lighting fixtures shall be shielded so that neither the lamp nor the related reflector interior surface is visible from adjacent property. All lighting poles, fixtures, and hoods shall be dark colored. The approved plan shall be implemented prior to final inspection.

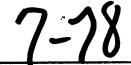
Monitoring: Department of Planning and Building shall verify inclusion of required elements on plans in consultation with the Environmental Coordinator. Building inspector will verify compliance with approved plans.

7. All future structures including agricultural accessory structures are prohibited without Conditional Use Permit approval. Notice of any future application to alter or expand the approved use shall be sent to every property owner of Tiffany Ranch Road, Edna Ranch, Corbett Highlands, Varian Ranch, and all adjacent property owners.

Monitoring: Will be shown on an additional map sheet. Compliance will be verified by the Department of Planning and Building, in consultation with the Environmental Coordinator.

Air Quality

8. **During construction/ground disturbing activities**, the applicant shall implement the following particulate (dust) control measures. These measures shall be shown on the grading and building plans. In addition, the contractor or builder shall designate a person or persons to monitor the dust control program



and to order increased watering, as necessary, to prevent transport of dust off site. Their duties shall include holiday and weekend periods when work may not be in progress. The name and telephone number of such persons shall be provided to the APCD prior to commencement of construction.

- a. Reduce the amount of the disturbed area where possible;
- b. Use of water trucks or sprinkler systems in sufficient quantities to prevent airborne dust from leaving the site. Increased watering frequency would be required whenever wind speeds exceed 15 mph. Reclaimed (nonpotable) water should be used whenever possible;
- c. All dirt stock-pile areas should be sprayed daily as needed;
- d. Permanent dust control measures identified in the approved project revegetation and landscape plans should be implemented as soon as possible following completion of any soil disturbing activities;
- e. Exposed ground areas that are planned to be reworked at dates greater than one month after initial grading should be sown with a fast-germinating native grass seed and watered until vegetation is established;
- f. All disturbed soil areas not subject to revegetation should be stabilized using approved chemical soil binders, jute netting, or other methods approved in advance by APCD;
- g. All roadways, driveways, sidewalks, etc. to be paved should be completed as soon as possible. In addition, building pads should be laid as soon as possible after grading unless seeding or soil binders are used;
- h. Vehicle speed for all construction vehicles shall not exceed 15 mph on any unpaved surface at the construction site;
- i. All trucks hauling dirt, sand, soil, or other loose materials are to be covered or should maintain at least two feet of freeboard (minimum vertical distance between top of load and top of trailer) in accordance with CVC Section 23114.
- j. Install wheel washers where vehicles enter and exit unpaved roads onto streets, or wash off trucks and equipment leaving the site.
- k. Sweep streets at the end of each day if visible soil material is carried onto adjacent paved roads. Water sweepers with reclaimed water should be used where feasible.
- 9. **During initial grading/scraping,** burning shall not be allowed, or if no alternative is available, the applicant shall obtain a burn permit from the APCD and County Fire/California Department of Forestry, and comply with all conditions required by these agencies.

Monitoring: Items 8-9: All applicable mitigation measures will be shown on the grading and building plans. Compliance will be verified by APCD, and as needed, in consultation with the Department of Planning and Building.

Geology and Soils

10. Within 60 days from final approval of Conditional Use Permit DRC2004-00090, the applicant shall submit a drainage plan pursuant to Section 22.52 of the County Land Use Element. The plan shall include both temporary and permanent measures to retain soil onsite.

Monitoring: Compliance will be verified by the Department of Planning and Building and the Department of Public Works.

- 11. The project shall comply with the noise limits in the County Noise Element. From 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. (daytime), noise levels at the project property line shall not exceed an hourly average of 50 dB, with a maximum level of 70 dB, and a maximum impulsive noise level of 65 dB. From 10 p.m. to 7 a.m. (nighttime), noise levels at the project property line shall not exceed an hourly average of 45 dB, with a maximum level of 65 dB, and a maximum impulsive noise level of 60 dB. To help achieve and ensure compliance with these standards, the project shall do the following:
 - Roll-up doors shall be kept closed when noise-producing activities are being conducted inside the agricultural accessory building.

Monitoring: Compliance will be verified by the Department of Planning and Building.

Wastewater

12. Liquid waste generated by the winery operations must be discharged to a constructed wetland as shown on Exhibit 1 designed by a civil engineer and approved by the Regional Water Quality Control Board. Such system shall not create offensive odors or materially impair the quality of groundwater for domestic or agricultural use.

Monitoring: Compliance will be verified by the Department of Planning and Building,

in consultation with County Environmental Health and Regional Water

Quality Control Board.

Signature of Owner(S)

Name (Print)

Date